

Onyx 78730

1 GHz A/D and 1 GHz D/A
PCIe board with Virtex-7 FPGA

Complete radar and software radio interface solution

- Radar and communication receiver and transmitter
- Electronic Warfare transponder
- Waveform signal generator
- Wideband data acquisition
- Remote monitoring
- Sensor interfaces



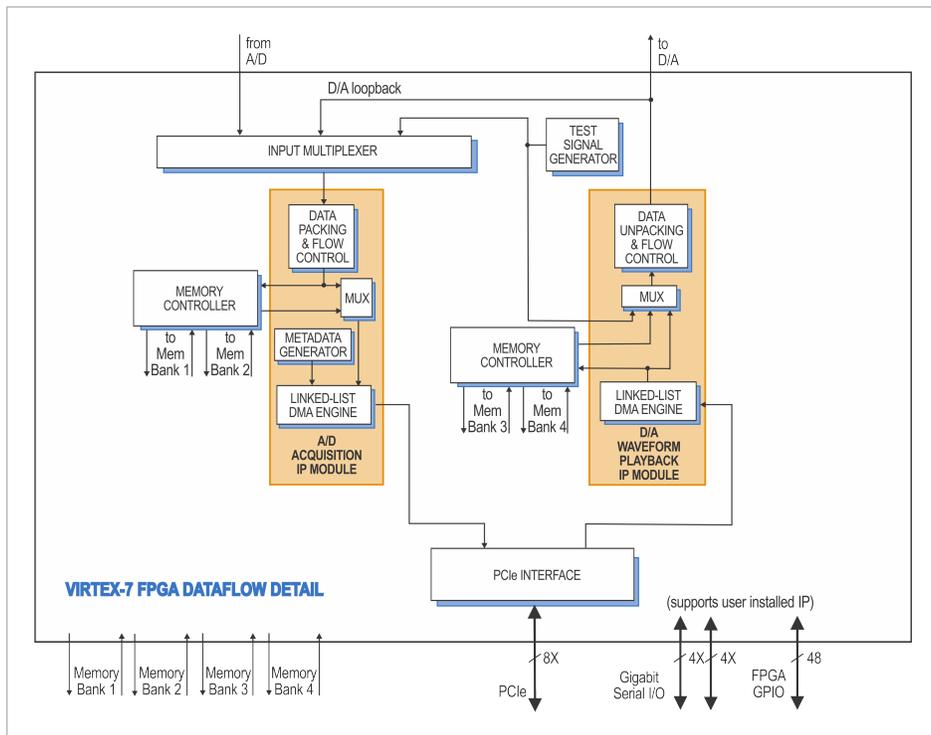
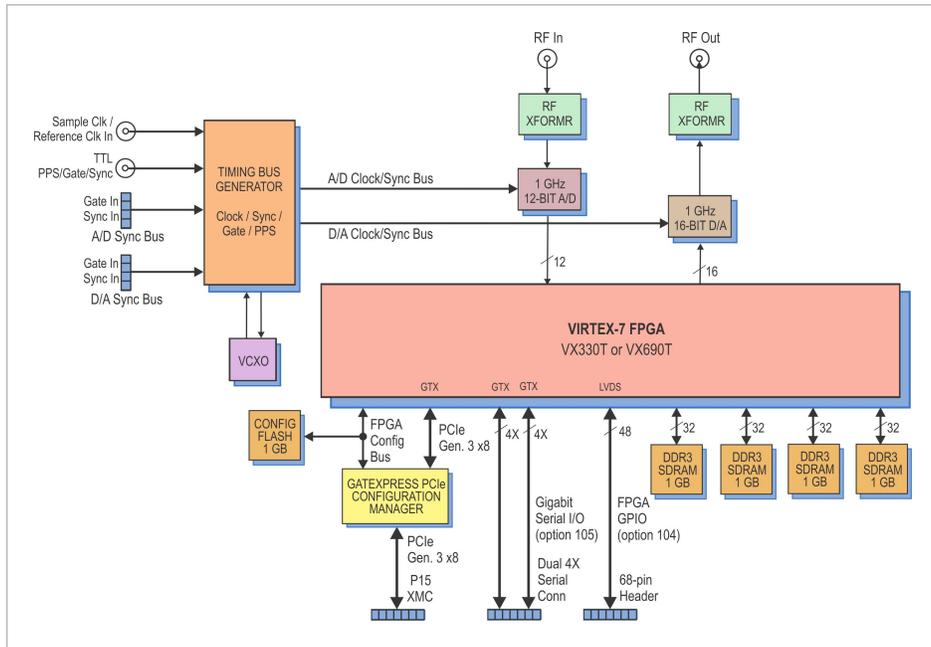
The 78730 is a high-speed data converter, suitable for connection to HF or IF ports of a communications or radar system. Its built-in data capture and playback features offer an ideal turnkey solution as well as a platform for developing and deploying custom FPGA processing IP.

The 78730 includes 1 GHz A/D and 1 GHz D/A converters and four banks of memory. In addition to supporting PCI Express Gen. 3 as a native interface, the 78730 includes optional general-purpose and gigabit serial card connectors for application specific I/O.

FEATURES

- Supports Xilinx® Virtex®-7 VXT FPGA
- GateXpress® supports dynamic FPGA reconfiguration across PCIe
- One 1 GHz 12-bit A/D
- One 1 GHz 16-bit D/A
- 4 GB of DDR3 SDRAM
- Sample clock synchronization to an external system reference
- Dual-μSync clock/sync bus for multimodule synchronization
- PCI Express (Gen. 1, 2 & 3) interface up to x8
- Optional user-configurable gigabit serial interface
- Optional LVDS connections to the Xilinx® Virtex®-7 FPGA for custom I/O

78730 BLOCK DIAGRAMS



THE ONYX ARCHITECTURE

Based on the proven design of the Mercury Cobalt family, Onyx raises the processing performance with the new flagship family of Virtex-7 FPGAs from Xilinx. As the central feature of the board architecture, the FPGA has access to all data and control paths, enabling factory-installed functions including data multiplexing, channel selection, data packing, gating, triggering and memory control. The Onyx Architecture organizes the FPGA as a container for data processing applications where each function exists as an intellectual property (IP) module.

Each member of the Onyx family is delivered with factory-installed applications ideally matched to the board's analog interfaces. The 78730 factory-installed functions include an A/D acquisition and a D/A waveform playback IP module for simplifying data capture and data transfer.

IP modules for DDR3 SDRAM memories, a controller for all data clocking and synchronization functions, a test signal generator and a PCIe interface complete the factory-installed functions and enable the 78730 to operate as a complete turnkey solution, without the need to develop any FPGA IP.

EXTENDABLE IP DESIGN

For applications that require specialized functions, users can install their own custom IP for data processing. The GateFlow FPGA Design Kits include all of the factory-installed modules as document source code. Developers can integrate their own IP with the factory-installed functions or use the GateFlow kit to completely replace the IP with their own.

XILINX VIRTEX-7 FPGA

The Xilinx Virtex-7 FPGA site can be populated with one of two FPGAs to match the specific requirements of the processing task. Supported FPGAs are VX330T or VX690T. The VX690T features 3600 DSP48E1 slices and is ideal for modulation/demodulation, encoding/decoding, encryption/decryption, and channelization of the signals between transmission and reception. For applications not requiring large DSP resources or logic, the lower-cost VX330T can be installed.

A/D ACQUISITION IP MODULES

The 78730 features an A/D Acquisition IP Module for easy capture and data moving. The IP module can receive data from the A/D, a test signal generator, or from the D/A Waveform Playback IP Module in loopback mode. The IP module has associated memory banks for buffering data in FIFO mode or for storing data in transient capture mode. The memory banks are

supported with a DMA engine for moving A/D data through the PCIe interface.

This powerful linked-list DMA engine is capable of a unique Acquisition Gate Driven mode. In this mode, the length of a transfer performed by a link definition need not be known prior to data acquisition; rather, it is governed by the length of the acquisition gate. This is extremely useful in applications where an external gate drives acquisition and the exact length of that gate is not known or is likely to vary.

For each transfer, the DMA engine can automatically construct metadata packets containing a sample-accurate time stamp, and data length information. These actions simplify the host processor's job of identifying and executing on the data.

D/A WAVEFORM PLAYBACK IP MODULE

The 78730 factory-installed functions include a sophisticated D/A Waveform Playback IP module. A linked-list controller allows users to easily play back waveforms stored in either on-board memory or off-board host memory to the D/A.

Parameters including length of waveform, delay from playback trigger, waveform repetition, etc. can be programmed for each waveform.

Up to 64 individual link entries can be chained together to create complex waveforms with a minimum of programming.

A/D CONVERTER STAGE

The board's analog interface accepts an analog HF or IF input on a front panel SSMC connector with transformer coupling into a Texas Instruments ADS5400 1 GHz, 12-bit A/D converter. The digital outputs are delivered into the Xilinx[®] Virtex[®]-7 FPGA for signal processing, data capture or for routing to other board resources.

D/A CONVERTER STAGE

The 78730 features a Texas Instruments DAC5681Z 1 GHz, 16-bit D/A. The converter has an input sample rate of 1 GS/sec, allowing it to accept full-rate data from the FPGA. Additionally, the D/A includes a 2x or 4x interpolation filter for applications that provide 1/2 or 1/4 rate input data. Analog output is through a front panel SSMC connector.

CLOCKING AND SYNCHRONIZATION

Two internal timing buses provide either a single clock or two different clock rates to the A/D and D/A signal paths.

Each timing bus includes a clock, sync and a gate or trigger signal. An on-board clock generator receives a sample clock either from the front panel SSMC connector or from an on-board programmable VCXO (Voltage-Controlled Crystal Oscillator). In this latter mode, the front panel SSMC connector can be used to provide a 10 MHz reference clock to phase-lock the VCXO. Either clock source (front panel or VCXO) can be used directly or can be divided independently by 2, 4, 8, or 16 to provide different lower frequency A/D and D/A clocks.

A pair of front panel μ Sync connectors allows multiple modules to be synchronized. They accept CML inputs that drive the board's sync and gate/trigger signals.

The Model 7892 and 9192 synchronizers can drive multiple 78730 μ Sync connectors enabling large, multichannel synchronous configurations. Also, an LVTTTL external gate/trigger input is accepted on a front panel SSMC connector.

MEMORY RESOURCES

The 78730 architecture supports four independent DDR3 SDRAM memory banks. Each bank is 1 GB deep and is an integral part of the module's DMA capabilities, providing FIFO memory space for creating DMA packets. Built-in memory functions include multichannel A/D data capture, tagging and streaming.

In addition to the factory-installed functions, custom user-installed IP within the FPGA can take advantage of the memories for many other purposes.

PCI EXPRESS INTERFACE

The Model 78730 includes an industry standard interface fully compliant with PCI Express Gen. 1 and 2 bus specifications. Supporting PCIe links up to x8, the interface includes multiple DMA controllers for efficient transfers to and from the board.

GATEXPRESS FOR FPGA CONFIGURATION

The Onyx architecture includes GateXpress[®], a sophisticated FPGA-PCIe configuration manager for loading and reloading the FPGA. At power up, GateXpress immediately presents a PCIe target for the host computer to discover, effectively giving the FPGA time to load from FLASH. This is especially important for larger FPGAs where the loading times can exceed the PCIe discovery window, typically 100 msec on most PCs.

The board's configuration FLASH can hold four FPGA images. Images can be factory-installed IP or custom IP created by the user, and programmed into the FLASH via JTAG using Xilinx iMPACT or through the board's PCIe interface. At power up the user can

choose which image will load based on a hardware switch setting. Once booted, GateXpress allows the user three options for dynamically reconfiguring the FPGA with a new IP image:

- The first is the option to load an alternate image from FLASH through software control. The user selects the desired image and issues a reload command.
- The second option is for applications where the FPGA image must be loaded directly through the PCIe interface. This is important in security situations where there can be no latent user image left in nonvolatile memory when power is removed. In applications where the FPGA IP may need to change many times during the course of a mission, images can be stored on the host computer and loaded through PCIe as needed.
- The third option, typically used during development, allows the user to directly load the FPGA through JTAG using Xilinx iMPACT.

In all three FPGA loading scenarios, GateXpress handles the hardware negotiation simplifying and streamlining the loading task. In addition, GateXpress preserves the PCIe configuration space allowing dynamic FPGA reconfiguration without a host computer reset to rediscover the board. After the reload, the host simply continues to see the board with the expected device ID.

READYFLOW

Mercury provides ReadyFlow[®] BSPs (Board Support Packages) for all Cobalt, Onyx, and Flexor products. Available for both Linux and Windows, these packages:

- Provide a path for quick start-up through application completion
- Allow programming at high, intermediate and low levels to meet various needs
- Are illustrated with numerous examples
- Include complete documentation and definitions of all functions
- Include library and example source code.

ReadyFlow BSPs contain C-language examples that can be used to demonstrate the capabilities of Cobalt, Onyx, and Flexor products. These programming examples will help you get an immediate start on writing your own application. They provide sample code that is known to work, giving you a means of verifying that your board set is operational.

COMMAND LINE INTERFACE

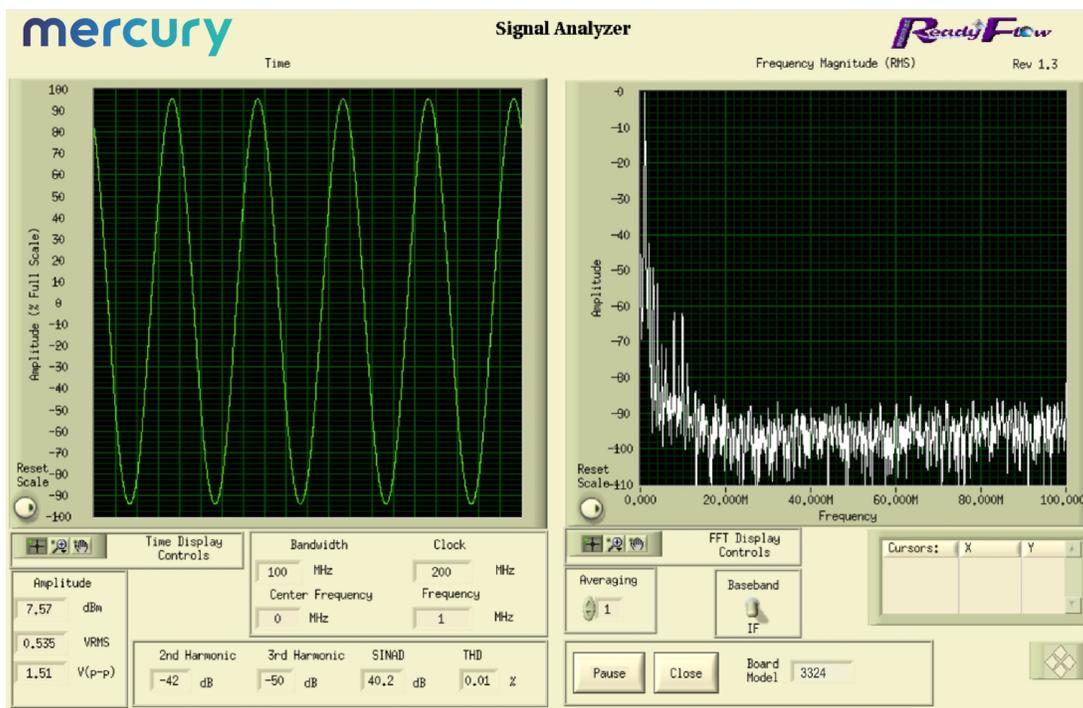
The Command Line Interface provides access to pre-compiled executable examples that operate the hardware right out of the box, without the need to write any code. Board-specific hardware

operating arguments can be entered in the command line to control parameters: number of channels to enable, sample clock frequency, data transfer size, reference clock frequency, reference clock source, etc.

The Command Line Interface can be used to call an example application from within a larger user application to control the hardware, and parameter arguments are passed to the application for execution. Functions that control data acquisition automatically save captured data to a pre-named host file or are routed to the Signal Analyzer example function for display.

SIGNAL ANALYZER

When used with the Command Line Interface, the Signal Analyzer allows users to immediately start acquiring and displaying A/D data. A full-featured analysis tool, the Signal Analyzer displays data in time and frequency domains. Built-in measurement functions display 2nd and 3rd harmonics, THD, and SINAD. Interactive cursors allow users to mark data points and instantly calculate amplitude and frequency of displayed signals.



GATEFLOW

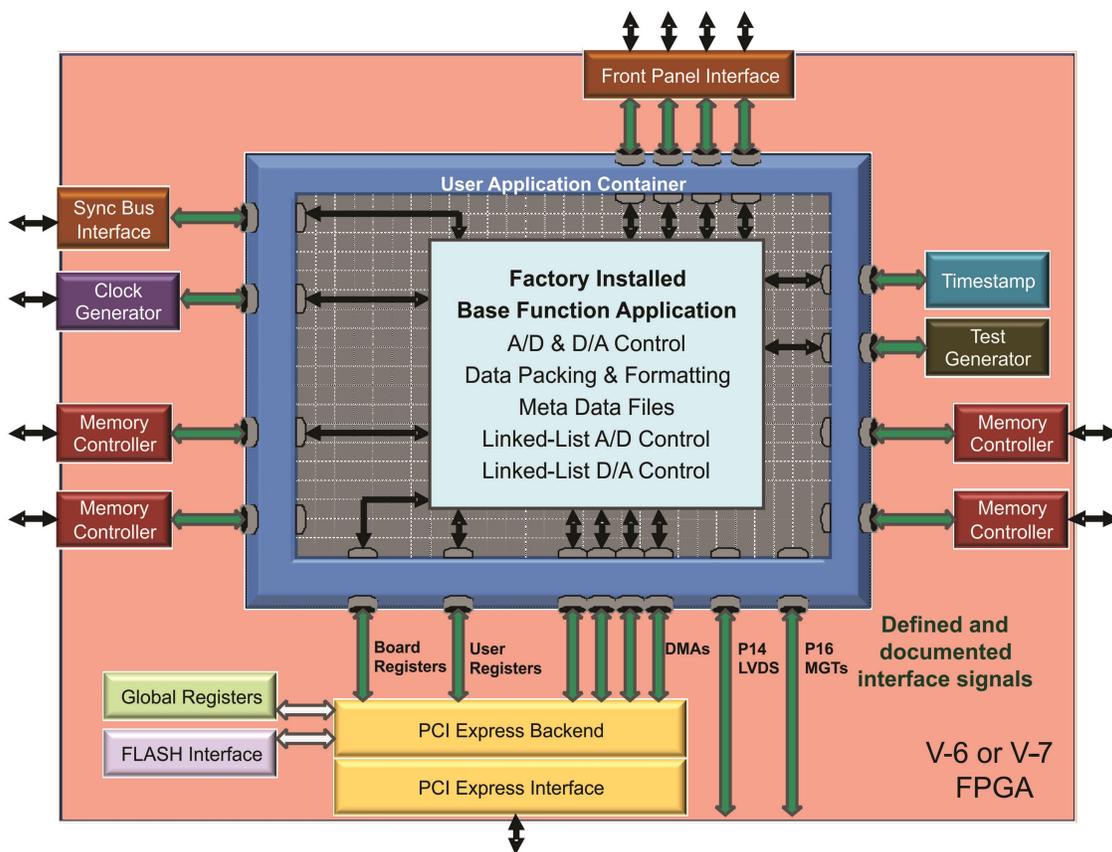
The GateFlow[®] FPGA Design Kit (FDK) allows the user to modify, replace and extend the standard installed functions in the FPGA to incorporate special modes of operation, new control structures, and specialized signal-processing algorithms.

The Cobalt (Virtex-6), Onyx (Virtex-7), and Flexor (Virtex-7) architectures configure the FPGA with standard factory-supplied interfaces including memory controllers, DMA engines, A/D and D/A interfaces, timing and synchronization structures, triggering and gating logic, time stamping and header tagging, data formatting engines, and the PCIe interface. These resources are connected to the User Application Container using well-defined ports that present easy-to-use data and control signals, effectively abstracting the lower-level details of the hardware.

The User Application Container

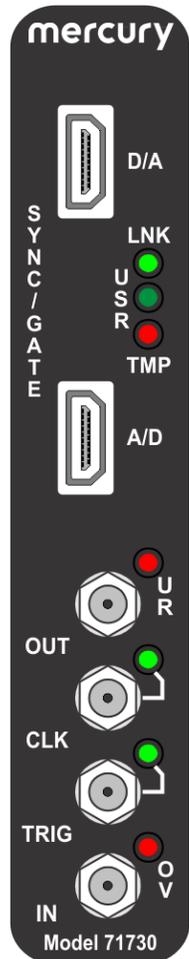
Shown below is the FPGA block diagram of a typical Cobalt, Onyx or Flexor module. The User Application Container holds a collection of different installed IP modules connected to the various interfaces through the standard ports surrounding the container. The specific IP modules for each product are described in further detail in the datasheet of that product.

The GateFlow FDK provides a complete Xilinx's ISE or Vivado project folder containing all the files necessary for the FPGA developer to recompile the entire project with or without any required changes. VHDL source code for each IP module provides excellent examples of how the IP modules work, how they might be modified, and how they might be replaced with custom IP to implement a specific function.



FRONT PANEL CONNECTIONS

The XMC front panel includes two 19-pin µSync Bus connectors and four SSMC coaxial connectors and input/output of analog signals. The front panel also includes seven LEDs.



- **Sync Bus Connector:** The two 19-pin Sync Bus front panel connectors, labeled **SYNC/GATE**, provide sync and gate input signals for the Sync Bus. The top connector, labeled **D/A** at the right of the panel is for DAC timing inputs. The lower connector, labeled **A/D** is for ADC timing inputs.

- **Link LED:** The green **LNK** LED blinks when a valid link has been established over the PCIe interface.

- **User LED:** The green **USR** LED is for user applications.

- **Over Temperature LED:** The red **TMP** LED illuminates when an over-temperature or over-voltage condition is indicated by any of the temperature/voltage sensors on the Model PCB.

- **DAC Underrun LED:** There is one red **UR** (underrun) LED for the D/A output. This LED illuminates when the DAC5681Z FIFO is out of data.

- **Analog Output Connector:** The SSMC coaxial connector, labeled **OUT** is for analog signal output from the DAC5681Z.

- **Clock LED:** The green **CLK** LED illuminates when a valid sample clock signal is detected. If the LED is not illuminated, no clock has been detected and no data from the input stream can be processed.

- **Clock Input Connector:** One SSMC coaxial connector, labeled **CLK**, for input of an external sample or reference clock.

- **PPS LED:** The green LED to the right of the **TRIG** input illuminates when a valid PPS signal is detected.

- **Trigger Input Connector:** One SSMC coaxial connector, labeled **TRIG** is for input of an external gate or trigger signal.

- **ADC Overload LED:** The red **OV** (overload) LED: indicates an overload detection in the ADS5400 or an ADC FIFO overrun.

- **Analog Input Connector:** SSMC coaxial connector, labeled **IN** is for analog signal input for the ADS5400.

SPECIFICATIONS

Front Panel Analog Signal Inputs

Input Type: Transformer-coupled, front panel female SSMC connectors

A/D Converter

Type: Texas Instruments ADS5400

Sampling Rate: 100 MHz to 1 GHz

Resolution: 12 bits

D/A Converter

Type: Texas Instruments DAC5681Z

Input Data Rate: 1 GHz max.

Interpolation Filter: bypass, 2x or 4x

Output Sampling Rate: 1 GHz max.

Resolution: 16 bits

Front Panel Analog Signal Outputs

Output Type: Transformer-coupled, front panel female SSMC connectors

Sample Clock Sources

On-board clock synthesizer generates two clocks: one A/D clock and one D/A clock

Clock Synthesizer

Clock Source: Selectable from on-board programmable VCXO or front panel external clock

VCXO Frequency Ranges: 10 to 945 MHz, 970 to 1134 MHz, and 1213 to 1417 MHz

Synchronization: VCXO can be phase-locked to an external 4 to 200 MHz system reference, typically 10 MHz

Clock Dividers: External clock or VCXO can be divided by 1, 2, 4, 8, or 16, independently for the A/D clock and D/A clock

External Clock

Type: Front panel female SSMC connector, sine wave, 0 to +10 dBm, AC-coupled, 50 ohms, accepts 100 MHz to 1 GHz divider input clock, or PLL system reference

Timing Bus

19-pin µSync bus connector includes sync and gate/trigger inputs, CML

External Trigger Input

Type: Front panel female SSMC connector, LVTTTL
 Function: Programmable functions include: trigger, gate, sync and PPS

Field Programmable Gate Array

- Standard: Xilinx Virtex-7 XC7VX330T-2
- Optional: Xilinx Virtex-7 XC7VX690T-2

Custom I/O

- Option -104: Connects 20 pairs of LVDS signals from the FPGA on PMC P14 to a 68-pin DIL ribbon-cable header on the PCIe board for custom I/O.
- Option -105: Connects two 4X gigabit serial links from the FPGA on XMC P16 to two 4X gigabit serial connectors along the top edge of the PCIe board

Memory

Type: DDR3 SDRAM
 Size: Four banks, 1 GB each
 Speed: 800 MHz (1600 MHz DDR)

PCI-Express Interface

PCI Express Bus: Gen. 1, 2 or 3: x4 or x8

Environmental

Standard: L0 (air-cooled)
 Operating Temp: 0° to 50° C
 Storage Temp: -20° to 90° C
 Relative Humidity: 0 to 95%, non-condensing
 Option -702: L2 (air-cooled)
 Operating Temp: -20° to 65° C
 Storage Temp: -40° to 100° C
 Relative Humidity: 0 to 95%, non-condensing

Physical

Dimensions: Half-length PCIe card, 4.38 in. x 7.13 in.
 ▪ Depth: 181.0 mm (7.13 in.)
 ▪ Height: 111 mm (4.38 in.)
 Weight
 ▪ PCIe Carrier: 110 grams (3.9 oz)
 ▪ XMC Module: Approximately 14 oz. (400 grams), with 2-slot heatsink

ORDERING INFORMATION

Model	Description
78730	1 GHz A/D and D/A, Virtex-7 FPGA - x8 PCIe

Options	Description
-073	XC7VX330T-2 FPGA
-076	XC7VX690T-2 FPGA
-104	LVDS FPGA I/O through P14 connector
-105	Gigabit serial FPGA I/O through P16 connector
-702	Air-cooled, Level 2

Contact Mercury for compatible option combinations.

ACCESSORY PRODUCTS

Model	Description
2171	Cable Kit: SSMC to SMA
7892	High-Speed Synchronizer and Distribution Board
9192	Rackmount High-Speed System Synchronizer

DEVELOPMENT SYSTEMS

Mercury offers development systems for Onyx products. They come with all pre-tested software and hardware ready for immediate operation. These systems are intended to save engineers and system integrators the time and expense associated with building and testing a development system that ensures optimum performance of Onyx boards. Please [contact Mercury](#) to configure a system that matches your requirements.

FORM FACTORS

Onyx products are available in standard form factors including 3U VPX, 6U VPX, PCIe, and XMC. The Onyx Model 71730 XMC (8-Channel 250 MHz A/D with DDC, Kintex UltraScale FPGA) has the following variants:

Model	
52730	3U VPX board (single XMC)
57730	6U VPX board (single XMC)
58730	6U VPX board (dual XMC)
71730	XMC module
78730	PCIe board (single XMC)

LIFETIME SUPPORT FOR ONYX PRODUCTS

Mercury offers worldwide customers shorter development time, reliable, rugged solutions for a variety of environments, reduced costs, and mature software development tools. We offer free lifetime support from our engineering staff, which customers can depend on through phone and email, as well as software updates. Take advantage of our 40 years of experience in delivering high-performance radar, communications, SIGINT, EW, and data acquisition MIL-Aero solutions worldwide.



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