

DN2.80x/81x - hybridNETBOX up to 125 MS/s: Digitizer and AWG

- Stimulus-Response, Closed-Loop, Recorder/Replay, Automated Tests, MIMO, ...
- 2, 4 or 8 channels with 40 MS/s or 125 MS/s in both directions
- Simultaneously sampling and generation on all channels
- 512 MSample acquisition and 512 MSample AWG memory
- Digitizer: single-ended or differential inputs
- Digitizer: separate ADC and amplifier per channel
- Digitizer: 6 input ranges: ± 200 mV up to ± 10 V
- Digitizer: programmable input offset of $\pm 100\%$
- AWG: output into 50 Ohm up to ± 3 V (8 channels) or ± 6 V (2 and 4 channels)
- AWG: output into 1 MOhm up to ± 6 V (8 channels) or ± 12 V (2 and 4 channels)
- Streaming, Multiple Recording, Gated Sampling, Timestamps, Sequence Replay

hybridNETBOX Digitizer and AWG



LAN eXtensions for Instrumentation

- Ethernet Remote Instrument
- LXI Core 2011 compatible
- GBit Ethernet Interface
- Sustained streaming mode up to 70 MB/s
- Direct Connection to PC/Laptop
- Connect anywhere in company LAN
- Embedded Webserver for Maintenance/Updates
- Embedded Server option for open Linux platform

| Operating Systems | SBench 6 Professional Included | Drivers |
|--|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Windows 7 (SP1), 8, 10, Server 2008 R2 and newer • Linux Kernel 2.6, 3.x, 4.x, 5.x • Windows/Linux 32 and 64 bit | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Acquisition, Generation and Display of analog and digital data • Calculation, FFT • Documentation and Import, Export | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LabVIEW, MATLAB, LabWindows/CVI • Visual C++, C++ Builder, GNU C++, VB.NET, C#, J#, Delphi, Java, Python • IVI |

General Information

The hybridNETBOX DN2.80/81x series internally consists of a Digitizer and an AWG that can run together or independently. That allows simultaneous data generation and data acquisition for stimulus-response tests, ATE applications, MIMO applications or closed-loop applications. Used independently, the digitizer can acquire test data in the field and the AWG can replay this test data in lab. The hybridNETBOX offers 16 bit resolution and is available with sampling rates of 40 MS/s and 125 MS/s. The hybridNETBOX can be installed anywhere in the company LAN and can be remotely controlled from a host PC.

| Model | Digitizer | | Arbitrary Waveform Generator | | | | Internal Star-Hub |
|------------|---|---------------------|---|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | Single-Ended Inputs | Differential Inputs | Outputs | | Output Level | | |
| DN2.813-02 | 2 channels 40 MS/s | 2 channels 40 MS/s | 2 channels 40 MS/s | ± 6 V (50 Ω) | ± 12 V (1M Ω) | yes ⁽¹⁾ | |
| DN2.813-04 | 4 channels 40 MS/s | 4 channels 40 MS/s | 4 channels 40 MS/s | ± 6 V (50 Ω) | ± 12 V (1M Ω) | yes ⁽¹⁾ | |
| DN2.803-08 | 8 channels 40 MS/s | 8 channels 40 MS/s | 8 channels 40 MS/s | ± 3 V (50 Ω) | ± 6 V (1M Ω) | yes ⁽¹⁾ | |
| DN2.816-02 | 2 channels 125 MS/s | 2 channels 125 MS/s | 2 channels 125 MS/s | ± 6 V (50 Ω) | ± 12 V (1M Ω) | yes ⁽¹⁾ | |
| DN2.816-04 | 4 channels 125 MS/s | 4 channels 125 MS/s | 4 channels 125 MS/s | ± 6 V (50 Ω) | ± 12 V (1M Ω) | yes ⁽¹⁾ | |
| DN2.806-08 | 8 channels 80 MS/s 4 channels 125 MS/s | 4 channels 125 MS/s | 8 channels 80 MS/s 4 channels 125 MS/s | ± 3 V (50 Ω) | ± 6 V (1M Ω) | yes ⁽¹⁾ | |

⁽¹⁾SBench 6 does not support star-hub for mixed digitizer and AWG. Instead SBench 6 can only operate the cards independently by starting two instances of the program

Software Support

Windows Support

The digitizerNETBOX/generatorNETBOX/hybridNETBOX can be accessed from Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 10 (each 32 bit and 64 bit). Programming examples for Visual C++, C++ Builder, LabWindows/CVI, Delphi, Visual Basic, VB.NET, C#, J#, Python, Java and IVI are included.

Linux Support



The digitizerNETBOX/generatorNETBOX/hybridNETBOX can be accessed from any Linux system. The Linux support includes SMP systems, 32 bit and 64 bit systems, versatile programming examples for Gnu C++, Python as well as drivers for MATLAB for Linux.

SBench 6, the powerful data acquisition and analysis software from Spectrum is also included as a Linux version.

Discovery Protocol

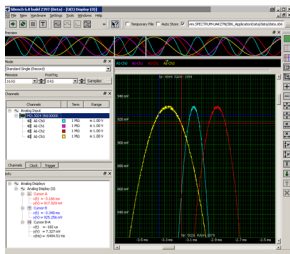
| | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Physical Location | |
| Bus No | 0 |
| Device No | 0 |
| Function No | 0 |
| Slot No | 0 |
| IP | 192.168.169.14 |
| VISA | TCPIP[0]:192.168.169.14::inst0::INSTR |

The Discovery function helps you to find and identify any Spectrum LXI instruments, like the digitizerNETBOX and generatorNETBOX, avail-

able to your computer on the network. The Discovery function will also locate any Spectrum card products that are managed by an installed Spectrum Remote Server somewhere on the network.

After running the discovery function the card information is cached and can be directly accessed by SBench 6. Furthermore the qualified VISA address is returned and can be used by any software to access the remote instrument.

SBench 6 Professional



The digitizerNETBOX, generatorNETBOX and hybridNETBOX can be used with Spectrum's powerful software SBench 6 – a Professional license for the software is already installed in the box. SBench 6 supports all of the standard features of the instrument. It has a variety of display windows as well as analysis, export and document-

ation functions.

- Available for Windows Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 10 and Linux
- Easy to use interface with drag and drop, docking windows and context menus
- Display of analog and digital data, X-Y display, frequency domain and spread signals
- Designed to handle several GBytes of data
- Fast data preview functions
- SBench 6 only supports either AWG or Digitizer in one program
- Star-Hub for mixed mode applications is not supported
- To run AWG and Digitizer with SBench 6, the software needs to be started twice and each instance of the program then operates independently one device

IVI Driver

The IVI standards define an open driver architecture, a set of instrument classes, and shared software components. Together these provide critical elements needed for instrument interchangeability. IVI's defined Application Programming Interfaces (APIs) standardize

common measurement functions reducing the time needed to learn a new IVI instrument.

The Spectrum products to be accessed with the IVI driver can be locally installed data acquisition cards, remotely installed data acquisition cards or remote LXI instruments like digitizerNETBOX/generatorNETBOX. To maximize the compatibility with existing IVI based software installations, the Spectrum IVI driver supports IVI Scope, IVI Digitizer and IVI FGen class with IVI-C and IVI-COM interfaces.

Third-party Software Products

Most popular third-party software products, such as LabVIEW, MATLAB or LabWindows/CVI are supported. All drivers come with examples and detailed documentation.

Embedded Webserver

| | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Welcome | |
| Instrument Model | DN2.465-08 |
| Manufacturer | Spectrum GmbH |
| Serial Number | 1234 |
| Description | digitizerNETBOX |
| LXI Features | LXI Core 2011 |
| LXI Version | LXI Device Specification 2011 rev. 1.4 |
| Host Name | 192.168.169.23 |
| mDNS Host Name | digitizerNETBOX.local |
| MAC Address | 0C:C4:7A:B3:C2:A2 |
| TCP/IP Address | 192.168.169.23 |
| Firmware Revision | 62 |
| Software Revision | 5.17.17117 |
| Instrument Address String [VISA] | TCPIP::192.168.169.23::INSTR |
| LAN ID Indicator | <input type="checkbox"/> Enable |

The integrated webserver follows the LXI standard and gathers information on the product, set up of the Ethernet configuration and current status. It also allows the setting of a configuration password, access to documentation and updating of the complete instrument firmware, including the embedded remote server and the webserver.

General Hardware features and options

LXI Instrument



The digitizerNETBOX and generatorNETBOX are fully LXI instrument compatible to LXI Core 2011 following the LXI Device Specification

2011 rev. 1.4. The digitizerNETBOX/generatorNETBOX has been tested and approved by the LXI Consortium.

Located on the front panel is the main on/off switch, LEDs showing the LXI and Acquisition status and the LAN reset switch.

Chassis features



The chassis is especially designed for usage in different application areas and has some advanced features for mobile and shared usage:

- stable metal chassis
- 8 bumper edges protect the chassis, the desk and other components on it. The bumper edges allow to store the chassis either vertically or horizontally and the lock-in structure allows to stack multiple chassis with a secure fit onto each other. For 19" rack mount montage the bumpers can be unmounted and replaced by the 19" rack mount option
- The handle allows to easily carry the chassis around in just one hand.
- A standard GND screw on the back of the chassis allows to connect the metal chassis to measurement ground to reduce noise based on ground loops and ground level differences.

Front Panel



Standard BNC connectors are used for all analog input or output signals and all auxiliary signals like clock and trigger. No special adapter cables are needed and the connection is secure even when used in a moving environment.

Custom front panels are available on request even for small series, be it SMA, LEMO connectors or custom specific connectors.

Ethernet Connectivity



The GBit Ethernet connection can be used with standard COTS Ethernet cabling. The integration into a standard LAN allows to connect the digitizerNETBOX/generatorNETBOX either directly to a desktop PC or Laptop or it is possible to place the instrument somewhere in the

company LAN and access it from any desktop over the LAN.

DC Power Supply Option



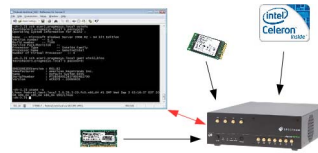
The digitizerNETBOX/generatorNETBOX can be equipped with an internal DC power supply which replaces the standard AC power supply. Two different power supply options are available that range from 9V to 36V. Contact the sales team if other DC levels are required.

Using the DC power supply the digitizerNETBOX/generatorNETBOX can be used for mobile applications together with a Laptop in automotive or airborne applications.

Boot on Power Option

The digitizerNETBOX/generatorNETBOX can be factory configured to automatically start and boot upon availability of the input power rail. That way the instrument will automatically become available again upon loss of input power.

Option Embedded Server



The option turns the digitizerNETBOX/generatorNETBOX in a powerful PC that allows to run own programs on a small and remote data acquisition system. The digitizerNETBOX/generatorNETBOX is enhanced by more memory, a powerful CPU, a freely accessible internal SSD and a remote software development access method.

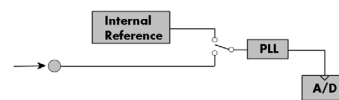
The digitizerNETBOX/generatorNETBOX can either run connected to LAN or it can run totally independent, storing data to the internal SSD. The original digitizerNETBOX/generatorNETBOX remote instrument functionality is still 100 % available. Running the embedded server option it is possible to pre-calculate results based on the acquired data, store acquisitions locally and to transfer just the required data or results parts in a client-server based software structure. A different example for the digitizerNETBOX/generatorNETBOX embedded server is surveillance/logger application which can run totally independent for days and send notification emails only over LAN or offloads stored data as soon as it's connected again.

Access to the embedded server is done through a standard text based Linux shell based on the ssh secure shell.

External clock I/O

Using a dedicated connector a sampling clock can be fed in from an external system. It's also possible to output the internally used sampling clock to synchronise external equipment to this clock.

Reference clock

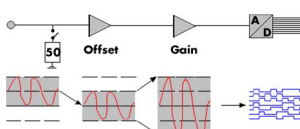


The option to use a precise external reference clock (normally 10 MHz) is necessary to synchronize the instrument for high-quality

measurements with external equipment (like a signal source). It's also possible to enhance the quality of the sampling clock in this way. The driver automatically generates the requested sampling clock from the fed in reference clock.

Digitizer Hardware Features and Options

Input Amplifier



The analog inputs can be adapted to real world signals using a wide variety of settings that are individual for each channel. By using software commands the input termination can be changed between 50 Ohm and 1 MOhm, one can select a matching input range and the signal offset can be compensated for.

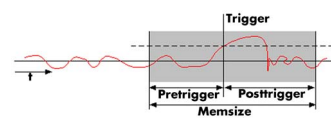
Differential inputs

With a simple software command the inputs can individually be switched from single-ended (in relation to ground) to differential by combining each two single-ended inputs to one differential input. When the inputs are used in differential mode the A/D converter measures the difference between two lines with relation to system ground.

Automatic on-board calibration

All of the channels are calibrated in factory before the board is shipped. To compensate for different variations like PC power supply, temperature and aging, the software driver provides routines for an automatic onboard offset and gain calibration of all input ranges. All the cards contain a high precision on-board calibration reference.

Ring buffer mode



The ring buffer mode is the standard mode of all oscilloscope instruments. Digitized data is continuously written into a ring memory until a trigger event is detected. After the trigger, post-trigger samples are recorded and pre-trigger samples can also be stored. The number of pre-trigger samples available simply equals the total ring memory size minus the number of post trigger samples.

FIFO mode

The FIFO mode is designed for continuous data transfer between remote instrument and PC memory or hard disk. The control of the data stream is done automatically by the driver on interrupt request. The complete installed on-board memory is used for buffer data, making the continuous streaming extremely reliable.

Channel trigger

The data acquisition instruments offer a wide variety of trigger modes. Besides the standard signal checking for level and edge as known from oscilloscopes it's also possible to define a window trigger. All trigger modes can be combined with the pulsewidth trigger. This makes it possible to trigger on signal errors like too long or too short pulses. In addition to this a re-arming mode (for accurate trigger recognition on noisy signals) the AND/OR conjunction of different trigger events is possible. As a unique feature it is possible to use deactivated channels as trigger sources.

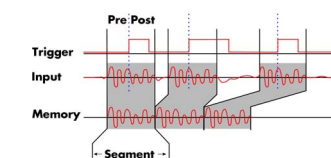
External trigger I/O

All instruments can be triggered using an external TTL signal. It's possible to use positive or negative edge also in combination with a programmable pulse width. An internally recognised trigger event can - when activated by software - be routed to the trigger connector to start external instruments.

Pulse width

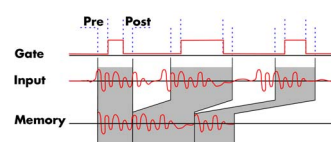
Defines the minimum or maximum width that a trigger pulse must have to generate a trigger event. Pulse width can be combined with channel trigger, pattern trigger and external trigger.

Multiple Recording



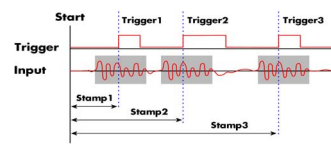
The Multiple Recording mode allows the recording of several trigger events with an extremely short re-arming time. The hardware doesn't need to be restarted in between. The on-board memory is divided in several segments of the same size. Each of them is filled with data if a trigger event occurs. Pre- and posttrigger of the segments can be programmed. The number of acquired segments is only limited by the used memory and is unlimited when using FIFO mode.

Gated Sampling



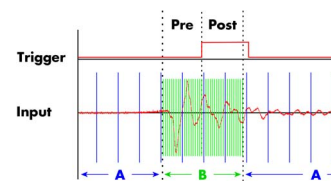
The Gated Sampling mode allows data recording controlled by an external gate signal. Data is only recorded if the gate signal has a programmed level. In addition a pre-area before start of the gate signal as well as a post area after end of the gate signal can be acquired. The number of gate segments is only limited by the used memory and is unlimited when using FIFO mode.

Timestamp



The timestamp function writes the time positions of the trigger events in an extra memory. The timestamps are relative to the start of recording, a defined zero time, externally synchronized to a radio clock, an IRIG-B a GPS receiver. Using the external synchronization gives a precise time relation for acquisitions of systems on different locations.

ABA mode



The ABA mode combines slow continuous data recording with fast acquisition on trigger events. The ABA mode works like a slow data logger combined with a fast digitizer. The exact position of the trigger events is stored as timestamps in an extra memory.

a rearm trigger. The other input has one comparator that can be used for standard edge and level triggers.

AWG Hardware Features and Options

Singleshot output

When singleshot output is activated the data of the on-board memory is played exactly one time. The trigger source can be either one of the external trigger inputs or the software trigger. After the first trigger additional trigger events will be ignored.

Repeated output

When the repeated output mode is used the data of the on-board memory is played continuously for a programmed number of times or until a stop command is executed. The trigger source can be either one of the external trigger inputs or the software trigger. After the first trigger additional trigger events will be ignored.

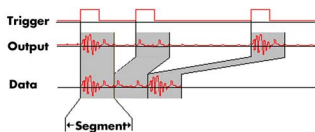
Single Restart replay

When this mode is activated the data of the on-board memory will be replayed once after each trigger event. The trigger source can be either the external TTL trigger or software trigger.

FIFO mode

The FIFO mode is designed for continuous data transfer between PC memory or hard disk and the generation board. The control of the data stream is done automatically by the driver on an interrupt request basis. The complete installed on-board memory is used for buffering data, making the continuous streaming extremely reliable.

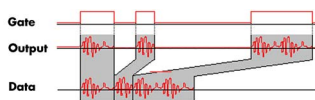
Multiple Replay



The Multiple Replay mode allows the fast output generation on several trigger events without restarting the hardware. With this option very fast repetition rates can be

achieved. The on-board memory is divided into several segments of the same size. Each segment can contain different data which will then be played with the occurrence of each trigger event.

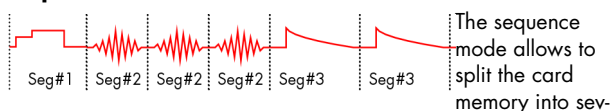
Gated Replay



The Gated Sampling mode allows data replay controlled by an external gate signal. Data is only replayed if the gate signal has attained a

programmed level.

Sequence Mode



The sequence mode allows to split the card memory into sev-

eral data segments of different length. These data segments are chained up in a user chosen order using an additional sequence memory. In this sequence memory the number of loops for each segment can be programmed and trigger conditions can be defined to proceed from segment to segment. Using the sequence mode it is also possible to switch between replay waveforms by a simple software command or to redefine waveform data for segments simultaneously while other segments are being replayed. All trigger-related and software-command-related functions are only working on single cards, not on star-hub-synchronized cards.

External trigger input

All boards can be triggered using up to two external analog or digital signals. One external trigger input has two analog comparators that can define an edge or window trigger, a hysteresis trigger or

hybridNETBOX Technical Data - Digitizer

Analog Inputs

| | | |
|--|--|---|
| Resolution | | 16 bit (can be reduced to acquire simultaneous digital inputs) |
| Input Range | software programmable | ±200 mV, ±500 mV, ±1 V, ±2 V, ±5 V, ±10 V |
| Input Type | software programmable | Single-ended or True Differential |
| Input Offset (single-ended) | software programmable | programmable to ±100% of input range in steps of 1% |
| ADC Differential non linearity (DNL) | ADC only | 591x: ±0.2/±0.8 LSB (typ./max.) 592x: ±0.2/±0.8 LSB (typ./max.) 593x, 8x3: ±0.5/±0.9 LSB (typ./max.) 594x: ±0.5/±0.9 LSB (typ./max.) 596x, 8x6: ±0.5/±0.9 LSB (typ./max.) |
| ADC Integral non linearity (INL) | ADC only | 591x: ±1.0/±2.3 LSB (typ./max.) 592x: ±1.0/±2.3 LSB (typ./max.) 593x, 803, 813: ±2.0/±7.5 LSB (typ./max.) 594x: ±2.0/±7.5 LSB (typ./max.) 596x, 806, 816: ±2.0/±7.5 LSB (typ./max.) |
| Offset error (full speed), DC signal | after warm-up and calibration | ≤ 0.1% of range |
| Gain error (full speed), DC signal | after warm-up and calibration | ≤ 0.1% of reading |
| AC accuracy | 1 kHz signal | ≤ 0.3% of reading |
| AC accuracy | 50 kHz signal | ≤ 0.5% of reading |
| Crosstalk: Signal 1 MHz, 50 Ω | range ≤ ±1V range ≥ ±2V | ≤ 95 dB on adjacent channels ≤ 90 dB on adjacent channels |
| Crosstalk: Signal 10 MHz, 50 Ω | range ≤ ±1V range ≥ ±2V | ≤ 87 dB on adjacent channels ≤ 85 dB on adjacent channels |
| Analog Input impedance | software programmable | 50 Ω / 1 MΩ 30 pF |
| Analog input coupling | fixed | DC |
| Over voltage protection | range ≤ ±1V | ±5 V (1 MΩ), 3.5 Vrms (50 Ω) |
| Over voltage protection | range ≥ ±2V | ±50 V (1 MΩ), 5 Vrms (50 Ω) |
| Anti-Aliasing Filter (digital filtering active) | 591x (5 MS/s) | Digital Anti-Aliasing filter at 40% of sampling rate. Examples: 5 MS/s sampling rate -> anti-aliasing filter at 2 MHz 1 MS/s sampling rate -> anti-aliasing filter at 400 kHz |
| Anti-Aliasing Filter (standard) | 591x (5 MS/s) 592x (20 MS/s) 593x (40 MS/s) 594x (80 MS/s) 596x (125 MS/s) | fixed 2.5 MHz 3rd order butterworth alike fixed 10 MHz 3rd order butterworth alike fixed 20 MHz 3rd order butterworth alike fixed 40 MHz 3rd order butterworth alike fixed 60 MHz 3rd order butterworth alike |
| CMRR (Common Mode Rejection Ratio) | range ≤ ±1V | 100 kHz: 75 dB, 1 MHz: 60 dB, 10 MHz: 40 dB |
| CMRR (Common Mode Rejection Ratio) | range ≥ ±2V | 100 kHz: 55 dB, 1 MHz: 52 dB, 10 MHz: 50 dB |
| Maximum Common Mode Voltage | Input Range | ±200 mV ±500 mV ±1 V ±2 V ±5 V ±10 V |
| Differential Input | VCM | ±900 mV ±2.25 V ±2.25 V ±9 V ±22.5 V ±22.5 V |
| Channel selection (single-ended inputs) | software programmable | 1, 2, 4 or 8 channels (maximum is model dependent) |
| Channel selection (true differential inputs) | software programmable | 1, 2 or 4 channels (maximum is model dependent) |
| Trigger | | |
| Available trigger modes | software programmable | Channel Trigger, External, Software, Window, Pulse, Re-Arm, Spike, Or/And, Delay |
| Trigger level resolution | software programmable | 14 bit |
| Trigger edge | software programmable | Rising edge, falling edge or both edges |
| Trigger pulse width | software programmable | 0 to [4G - 1] samples in steps of 1 sample |
| Trigger delay | software programmable | 0 to [4G - 1] samples in steps of 1 samples |
| Trigger holdoff (for Multi, ABA, Gate) | software programmable | 0 to [4G - 1] samples in steps of 1 samples |
| Multi, ABA, Gate: re-arming time | | < 40 samples (+ programmed pretrigger + programmed holdoff) |
| Pretrigger at Multi, ABA, Gate, FIFO | software programmable | 8 up to [32 kSamples / number of active channels] in steps of 8 |
| Posttrigger | software programmable | 8 up to [8G - 4] samples in steps of 8 (defining pretrigger in standard scope mode) |
| Memory depth | software programmable | 16 up to [installed memory / number of active channels] samples in steps of 8 |
| Multiple Recording/ABA segment size | software programmable | 8 up to [installed memory / number of active channels] samples in steps of 8 |
| Internal/External trigger accuracy | | 1 sample |
| Timestamp modes | software programmable | Standard, Startreset, external reference clock on X1 (e.g. PPS from GPS, IRIG-B) |
| Data format | | Std., Startreset: 64 bit counter, increments with sample clock (reset manually or on start) RefClock: 24 bit upper counter (increment with RefClock) 40 bit lower counter (increments with sample clock, reset with RefClock) |
| Extra data | software programmable | none, acquisition of X1/X2/X3 inputs at trigger time, trigger source (for OR trigger) |
| Size per stamp | | 128 bit = 16 bytes |
| External trigger | | Ext |
| External trigger type | | Single level comparator |
| External trigger impedance | software programmable | 50 Ω / 5 kΩ |
| External trigger input level | | ±5 V (5 kΩ), ±2.5 V (50 Ω), |
| External trigger over voltage protection | | ±20 V (5 kΩ), 5 Vrms (50 Ω) |
| External trigger sensitivity (minimum required signal swing) | | 200 mVpp |
| External trigger level | software programmable | ±5 V in steps of 1 mV |
| External trigger bandwidth | 50 Ω 5 kΩ | DC to 400 MHz DC to 300 MHz |
| Minimum external trigger pulse width | | ≥ 2 samples |
| | | X1, X2, X3 |
| | | 3.3V LVTTTL logic inputs |
| | | For electrical specifications refer to „Multi Purpose I/O lines“ section. |

Multi Purpose I/O lines

| | | | |
|--|-----------------------|--|---|
| Number of multi purpose output lines | | one, named X0 | |
| Number of multi purpose input/output lines | | three, named X1, X2, X3 | |
| Multi Purpose line | | X0 | X1, X2, X3 |
| Input: available signal types | software programmable | n.a. | Synchronous Digital-In, Asynchronous Digital-In, Timestamp Reference Clock, Logic trigger |
| Input: signal levels | | n.a. | 3.3 V LVTTTL |
| Input: impedance | | n.a. | 10 k Ω to 3.3 V |
| Input: maximum voltage level | | n.a. | -0.5 V to +4.0 V |
| Input: maximum bandwidth | | n.a. | 125 MHz |
| Output: available signal types | software programmable | Run-, Arm-, Trigger-Output, Asynchronous Digital-Out, ADC Clock Output | Run-, Arm-, Trigger-Output, Asynchronous Digital-Out |
| Output: impedance | | 50 Ω | |
| Output: drive strength | | Capable of driving 50 Ω loads, maximum drive strength ± 48 mA | |
| Output: type / signal levels | | 3.3V LVTTTL, TTL compatible for high impedance loads | |
| Output: update rate (synchronous modes) | | sampling clock | |

Clock

| | | |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| Clock Modes | software programmable | internal PLL, external clock, external reference clock, sync |
| Internal clock range (PLL mode) | software programmable | see „Clock Limitations and Bandwidth“ table below |
| Internal clock accuracy | after warm-up | $\leq \pm 1.0$ ppm (at time of calibration in production) |
| Internal clock aging | | $\leq \pm 0.5$ ppm / year |
| PLL clock setup granularity (int. or ext. reference) | | 1 Hz |
| External reference clock range | software programmable | 128 kHz up to 125 MHz |
| Direct external clock to internal clock delay | | 4.3 ns |
| Direct external clock range | | see „Clock Limitations and Bandwidth“ table below |
| Direct external clock minimum LOW/HIGH time | | see „Clock Limitations and Bandwidth“ table below |
| External clock type | | Single level comparator |
| External clock input level | | ± 5 V (5 k Ω), ± 2.5 V (50 Ω), |
| External clock input impedance | software programmable | 50 Ω / 5 k Ω |
| External clock over voltage protection | | ± 20 V (5 k Ω), 5 Vrms (50 Ω) |
| External clock sensitivity (minimum required signal swing) | | 200 mVpp |
| External clock level | software programmable | ± 5 V in steps of 1 mV |
| External clock edge | | rising edge used |
| External reference clock input duty cycle | | 45% - 55% |
| Clock output electrical specification | | Available via Multi Purpose output X0. Refer to „Multi Purpose I/O lines“ section. |
| Synchronization clock multiplier „N“ for different clocks on synchronized cards | software programmable | N being a multiplier (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, ... Max) of the card with the currently slowest sampling clock. The card maximum (see „Clock Limitations and Bandwidth“ table below) must not be exceeded. |
| ABA mode clock divider for slow clock | software programmable | 8 up to (64k - 8) in steps of 8 |
| Channel to channel skew on one card | | < 200 ps (typical) |
| Skew between star-hub synchronized cards | | < 100 ps (typical) |

Clock Limitations and Bandwidth

| | M2p.591x, DN2.591-xx DN6.591-xx | M2p.592x, DN2.592-xx DN6.592-xx | M2p.593x DN2.593-xx DN6.593-xx DN2.803-xx DN2.813-xx | M2p.594x | M2p.596x DN2.596-xx DN6.596-xx DN2.806-xx DN2.816-xx |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|----------|--|
| max internal clock (non-synchronized cards) | 5 MS/s | 20 MS/s | 40 MS/s | 80 MS/s | 125 MS/s |
| min internal clock (non-synchronized cards) | 1 kS/s | 1 kS/s | 1 kS/s | 1 kS/s | 1 kS/s |
| max internal clock (cards synchronized via star-hub) | 5 MS/s | 20 MS/s | 40 MS/s | 80 MS/s | 125 MS/s |
| min internal clock (cards synchronized via star-hub) | 128 kS/s | 128 kS/s | 128 kS/s | 128 kS/s | 128 kS/s |
| max direct external clock | 5 MS/s | 20 MS/s | 40 MS/s | 80 MS/s | 125 MS/s |
| min direct external clock | 1 MS/s | 1 MS/s | 1 MS/s | 1 MS/s | 1 MS/s |
| min direct external clock LOW time | 25 ns | 25 ns | 4 ns | 4 ns | 4 ns |
| min direct external clock HIGH time | 25 ns | 25 ns | 4 ns | 4 ns | 4 ns |
| -3 dB analog input bandwidth | > 2.0 MHz | > 10 MHz | > 20 MHz | > 40 MHz | > 60 MHz |
| -3 dB analog input bandwidth, digital filter de-activated | > 2.5 MHz | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |

RMS Noise Level (Zero Noise), typical figures

| Input Range | M2p.591x, DN2.591-xx, DN6.591-xx digital filtering active | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|----------|--------------|----------|--------------|
| | ± 200 mV | | ± 500 mV | | ± 1 | ± 2 V | ± 5 V | ± 10 V | | | | |
| Voltage resolution | 6.1 μ V | | 15.3 μ V | | 30.5 μ V | 61.0 μ V | 152.6 μ V | 305.2 μ V | | | | |
| 50 Ω | <1.5 LSB | <10 μ V | <1.2 LSB | <19 μ V | <1.0 LSB | <31 μ V | <3.0 LSB | <183 μ V | <1.6 LSB | <245 μ V | <1.2 LSB | <367 μ V |
| 1 M Ω | <1.5 LSB | <10 μ V | <1.2 LSB | <19 μ V | <1.0 LSB | <31 μ V | <3.0 LSB | <183 μ V | <1.6 LSB | <245 μ V | <1.2 LSB | <367 μ V |

| Input Range | M2p.592x, DN2.592-xx, DN6.592-xx | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|----------|--------------|----------|--------------|
| | ± 200 mV | | ± 500 mV | | ± 1 | ± 2 V | ± 5 V | ± 10 V | | | | |
| Voltage resolution | 6.1 μ V | | 15.3 μ V | | 30.5 μ V | 61.0 μ V | 152.6 μ V | 305.2 μ V | | | | |
| 50 Ω | <4.0 LSB | <25 μ V | <2.6 LSB | <40 μ V | <2.1 LSB | <65 μ V | <4.3 LSB | <263 μ V | <2.6 LSB | <397 μ V | <2.1 LSB | <641 μ V |
| 1 M Ω | <4.5 LSB | <28 μ V | <3.0 LSB | <46 μ V | <2.5 LSB | <107 μ V | <4.5 LSB | <275 μ V | <3.0 LSB | <458 μ V | <2.5 LSB | <763 μ V |

| M2p.593x, DN2.593-xx, DN6.593-xx, DN2.803-xx, DN2.813-xx | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|--------|----------|--------|----------|---------|----------|----------|----------|---------|----------|---------|
| Input Range | ±200 mV | | ±500 mV | | ±1 | ±2 V | ±5 V | ±10 V | | | | |
| Voltage resolution | 6.1 μV | | 15.3 μV | | 30.5 μV | 61.0 μV | 152.6 μV | 305.2 μV | | | | |
| 50 Ω | <6.0 LSB | <37 μV | <5.0 LSB | <77 μV | <4.5 LSB | <138 μV | <6.5 LSB | <397 μV | <5.0 LSB | <763 μV | <4.5 LSB | <1.4 mV |
| 1 MΩ | <6.5 LSB | <40 μV | <5.0 LSB | <77 μV | <4.5 LSB | <138 μV | <6.5 LSB | <397 μV | <5.0 LSB | <763 μV | <4.5 LSB | <1.4 mV |

| M2p.594x | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------|--------|----------|--------|----------|---------|----------|----------|----------|---------|----------|---------|
| Input Range | ±200 mV | | ±500 mV | | ±1 | ±2 V | ±5 V | ±10 V | | | | |
| Voltage resolution | 6.1 μV | | 15.3 μV | | 30.5 μV | 61.0 μV | 152.6 μV | 305.2 μV | | | | |
| 50 Ω | <7.0 LSB | <43 μV | <5.5 LSB | <85 μV | <4.5 LSB | <138 μV | <7.5 LSB | <458 μV | <5.5 LSB | <840 μV | <4.5 LSB | <1.4 mV |
| 1 MΩ | <7.5 LSB | <46 μV | <5.8 LSB | <89 μV | <4.5 LSB | <138 μV | <7.7 LSB | <470 μV | <5.8 LSB | <886 μV | <4.5 LSB | <1.4 mV |

| M2p.596x, DN2.596-xx, DN6.596-xx, DN2.806-xx, DN2.816-xx | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|--------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|----------|----------|---------|----------|---------|
| Input Range | ±200 mV | | ±500 mV | | ±1 | ±2 V | ±5 V | ±10 V | | | | |
| Voltage resolution | 6.1 μV | | 15.3 μV | | 30.5 μV | 61.0 μV | 152.6 μV | 305.2 μV | | | | |
| 50 Ω | <9.0 LSB | <55 μV | <6.8 LSB | <104 μV | <5.5 LSB | <168 μV | <9.0 LSB | <550 μV | <6.8 LSB | <1.1 mV | <5.5 LSB | <1.7 mV |
| 1 MΩ | <9.5 LSB | <58 μV | <7.1 LSB | <109 μV | <5.5 LSB | <168 μV | <9.5 LSB | <580 μV | <7.1 LSB | <1.1 mV | <5.5 LSB | <1.7 mV |

Dynamic Parameters, typical figures

| M2p.591x, DN2.591-xx, DN6.591-xx digital filtering active | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|--------|-------|
| Test - sampling rate | 5 MS/s | | | | | | | |
| Input Range | ±200 mV | | ±500 mV | | ±1 V | | ±2 V | |
| Test Signal Frequency | 20 kHz | 1 MHz | 20 kHz | 1 MHz | 20 kHz | 1 MHz | 20 kHz | 1 MHz |
| SNR (typ) | ≥ 83.5 dB | ≥ 82.8 dB | ≥ 85.0 dB | ≥ 84.9 dB | ≥ 86.2 dB | ≥ 85.7 dB | n.a. | n.a. |
| THD (typ) | (≤ 84.4 dB) | ≤ -93.5 dB | (≤ 86.3 dB) | ≤ -93.1 dB | (≤ 86.9 dB) | ≤ -91.8 dB | n.a. | n.a. |
| SFDR (typ), excl. harm. | ≥ 103.0 dB | ≥ 103.0 dB | ≥ 104.0 dB | ≥ 107.0 dB | ≥ 103.0 dB | ≥ 107.0 dB | n.a. | n.a. |
| ENOB (based on SNR) | ≥ 13.6 LSB | ≥ 13.4 LSB | ≥ 13.8 LSB | ≥ 13.8 LSB | ≥ 14.0 LSB | ≥ 13.9 LSB | n.a. | n.a. |
| ENOB (based on SINAD) | ≥ 13.1 LSB | ≥ 13.4 LSB | ≥ 13.4 LSB | ≥ 13.7 LSB | ≥ 13.6 LSB | ≥ 13.8 LSB | n.a. | n.a. |

| M2p.591x, DN2.591-xx, DN6.591-xx digital filtering active | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| Test - sampling rate | 3 MS/s | | 1 MS/s | | 500 kS/s | | 200 kS/s | |
| Input Range | ±200 mV | ±1 V | ±200 mV | ±1 V | ±200 mV | ±1 V | ±200 mV | ±1 V |
| Test Signal Frequency | 20 kHz | | 20 kHz | | 20 kHz | | 20 kHz | |
| Input bandwidth due to digital filter | 1.2 MHz | | 400 kHz | | 200 kHz | | 80 kHz | |
| SNR (typ) | ≥ 85.3 dB | ≥ 86.6 dB | ≥ 87.2 dB | ≥ 89.1 dB | ≥ 86.2 dB | ≥ 89.7 dB | ≥ 86.4 dB | ≥ 89.4 dB |
| THD (typ) | (≤ 88.9 dB) | (≤ -88.5 dB) | (≤ 86.4 dB) | (≤ -88.6 dB) | (≤ 86.9 dB) | (≤ -90.8 dB) | (≤ 89.7 dB) | (≤ -93.8 dB) |
| SFDR (typ), excl. harm. | ≥ 103.1 dB | ≥ 103.6 dB | ≥ 102.8 dB | ≥ 105.6 dB | ≥ 103.1 dB | ≥ 103.1 dB | ≥ 103.1 dB | ≥ 103.5 dB |
| ENOB (based on SNR) | ≥ 13.9 LSB | ≥ 14.1 LSB | ≥ 14.2 LSB | ≥ 14.5 LSB | ≥ 14.0 LSB | ≥ 14.6 LSB | ≥ 14.1 LSB | ≥ 14.6 LSB |
| ENOB (based on SINAD) | ≥ 13.5 LSB | ≥ 13.7 LSB | ≥ 13.6 LSB | ≥ 14.0 LSB | ≥ 13.6 LSB | ≥ 14.2 LSB | ≥ 13.8 LSB | ≥ 14.3 LSB |

(20 kHz measurements are missing the correct bandpass filter and therefore show a larger THD that is coming from the generator)

| M2p.592x, DN2.592-xx, DN6.592-xx | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|------|------------|------|------------|------|------------|------|
| Test - sampling rate | 20 MS/s | | | | | | | |
| Input Range | ±200 mV | | ±500 mV | | ±1 V | | ±2 V | |
| Test Signal Frequency | 1 MHz | n.a. | 1 MHz | n.a. | 1 MHz | n.a. | 1 MHz | n.a. |
| SNR (typ) | ≥ 77.2 dB | n.a. | ≥ 79.8 dB | n.a. | ≥ 81.0 dB | n.a. | ≥ 75.0 dB | n.a. |
| THD (typ) | ≤ 92.5 dB | n.a. | ≤ -92.8 dB | n.a. | ≤ -89.5 dB | n.a. | ≤ -76.5 dB | n.a. |
| SFDR (typ), excl. harm. | ≥ 103.0 dB | n.a. | ≥ 103.0 dB | n.a. | ≥ 105.0 dB | n.a. | ≥ 93.0 dB | n.a. |
| ENOB (based on SNR) | ≥ 12.5 LSB | n.a. | ≥ 13.0 LSB | n.a. | ≥ 13.2 LSB | n.a. | ≥ 12.2 LSB | n.a. |
| ENOB (based on SINAD) | ≥ 12.5 LSB | n.a. | ≥ 13.0 LSB | n.a. | ≥ 13.1 LSB | n.a. | ≥ 11.8 LSB | n.a. |

| M2p.593x, DN2.593-xx, DN6.593-xx, DN2.803-xx, DN2.813-xx | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Test - sampling rate | 40 MS/s | | | | | | | |
| Input Range | ±200 mV | | ±500 mV | | ±1 | | ±2 V | |
| Test Signal Frequency | 1 MHz | 10 MHz | 1 MHz | 10 MHz | 1 MHz | 10 MHz | 1 MHz | 10 MHz |
| SNR (typ) | ≥ 73.0 dB | ≥ 72.6 dB | ≥ 74.6 dB | ≥ 74.4 dB | ≥ 75.3 dB | ≥ 75.3 dB | ≥ 71.9 dB | ≥ 71.8 dB |
| THD (typ) | ≤ -87.8 dB | ≤ -67.0 dB | ≤ -89.0 dB | ≤ -67.0 dB | ≤ -86.1 dB | ≤ -67.2 dB | ≤ -79.0 dB | ≤ -67.2 dB |
| SFDR (typ), excl. harm. | ≥ 98.3 dB | ≥ 96.5 dB | ≥ 98.8 dB | ≥ 99.5 dB | ≥ 101.0 dB | ≥ 100.0 dB | ≥ 81.7 dB | ≥ 91.3 dB |
| ENOB (based on SNR) | ≥ 11.8 LSB | ≥ 11.8 LSB | ≥ 12.1 LSB | ≥ 12.0 LSB | ≥ 12.2 LSB | ≥ 12.2 LSB | ≥ 11.7 LSB | ≥ 11.6 LSB |
| ENOB (based on SINAD) | ≥ 11.8 LSB | ≥ 10.7 LSB | ≥ 12.1 LSB | ≥ 10.7 LSB | ≥ 12.2 LSB | ≥ 10.8 LSB | ≥ 11.6 LSB | ≥ 10.7 LSB |

| M2p.594x | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Test - sampling rate | 80 MS/s | | | | | | | |
| Input Range | ±200 mV | | ±500 mV | | ±1 | | ±2 V | |
| Test Signal Frequency | 1 MHz | 10 MHz | 1 MHz | 10 MHz | 1 MHz | 10 MHz | 1 MHz | 10 MHz |
| SNR (typ) | ≥ 70.6 dB | ≥ 70.5 dB | ≥ 72.9 dB | ≥ 72.8 dB | ≥ 74.2 dB | ≥ 74.2 dB | ≥ 69.8 dB | ≥ 69.8 dB |
| THD (typ) | ≤ -87.3 dB | ≤ -76.9 dB | ≤ -86.6 dB | ≤ -76.3 dB | ≤ -84.8 dB | ≤ -70.1 dB | ≤ -79.0 dB | ≤ -77.9 dB |
| SFDR (typ), excl. harm. | ≥ 97.5 dB | ≥ 105.0 dB | ≥ 101.0 dB | ≥ 104.0 dB | ≥ 100.0 dB | ≥ 100.0 dB | ≥ 96.9 dB | ≥ 96.6 dB |

| M2p.594x | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| ENOB (based on SNR) | ≥ 11.4 LSB | ≥ 11.4 LSB | ≥ 11.8 LSB | ≥ 11.8 LSB | ≥ 12.0 LSB | ≥ 12.0 LSB | ≥ 11.2 LSB | ≥ 11.2 LSB |
| ENOB (based on SINAD) | ≥ 11.4 LSB | ≥ 11.3 LSB | ≥ 11.8 LSB | ≥ 11.5 LSB | ≥ 12.0 LSB | ≥ 11.1 LSB | ≥ 11.2 LSB | ≥ 11.2 LSB |

| M2p.596x, DN2.596-xx, DN6.596-xx, DN2.806-xx, DN2.816-xx | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Test - sampling rate | 125 MS/s | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ±200 mV | | | ±500 mV | | | ±1 V | | | ±2 V | | |
| Input Range | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Test Signal Frequency | 1 MHz | 10 MHz | 40 MHz | 1 MHz | 10 MHz | 40 MHz | 1 MHz | 10 MHz | 40 MHz | 1 MHz | 10 MHz | 40 MHz |
| SNR (typ) | ≥ 68.1 dB | ≥ 66.2 dB | ≥ 65.5 dB | ≥ 70.5 dB | ≥ 69.9 dB | ≥ 68.7 dB | ≥ 73.3 dB | ≥ 72.7 dB | ≥ 71.5 dB | ≥ 67.8 dB | ≥ 65.8 dB | ≥ 65.1 dB |
| THD (typ) | ≤ -81.5 dB | ≤ -74.5 dB | ≤ -53.7 dB | ≤ -82.5 dB | ≤ -77.6 dB | ≤ -55.3 dB | ≤ -83.3 dB | ≤ -68.9 dB | ≤ -57.3 dB | ≤ -78.0 dB | ≤ -75.6 dB | ≤ -53.7 dB |
| SFDR (typ), excl. harm. | ≥ 95.0 dB | ≥ 93.4 dB | ≥ 92.3 dB | ≥ 97.5 dB | ≥ 96.8 dB | ≥ 94.0 dB | ≥ 98.5 dB | ≥ 98.1 dB | ≥ 96.4 dB | ≥ 91.5 dB | ≥ 89.0 dB | ≥ 89.0 dB |
| ENOB (based on SNR) | ≥ 11.0 LSB | ≥ 10.7 LSB | ≥ 10.6 LSB | ≥ 11.4 LSB | ≥ 11.3 LSB | ≥ 11.1 LSB | ≥ 11.8 LSB | ≥ 11.8 LSB | ≥ 11.6 LSB | ≥ 11.0 LSB | ≥ 10.6 LSB | ≥ 10.5 LSB |
| ENOB (based on SINAD) | ≥ 11.0 LSB | ≥ 10.6 LSB | ≥ 8.6 LSB | ≥ 11.4 LSB | ≥ 11.1 LSB | ≥ 8.9 LSB | ≥ 11.7 LSB | ≥ 11.0 LSB | ≥ 9.2 LSB | ≥ 10.9 LSB | ≥ 10.6 LSB | ≥ 8.6 LSB |

Dynamic parameters are measured at ±1 V input range (if no other range is stated) and 50Ω termination with the samplerate specified in the table. Measured parameters are averaged 20 times to get typical values. Test signal is a pure sine wave generated by a signal generator and a matching bandpass filter. Amplitude is >99% of FSR. SNR and RMS noise parameters may differ depending on the quality of the used PC. SNR = Signal to Noise Ratio, THD = Total Harmonic Distortion, SFDR = Spurious Free Dynamic Range, SINAD = Signal Noise and Distortion, ENOB = Effective Number of Bits.

Connectors

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Analog Inputs | 9 mm BNC female (one for each single-ended input) | Cable-Type: Cab-9m-xx-xx |
| Trigger Input | 9 mm BNC female | Cable-Type: Cab-9m-xx-xx |
| Clock/Reference Clock Input | 9 mm BNC female | Cable-Type: Cab-9m-xx-xx |
| Clock Output, Multi-Purpose X0 | 9 mm BNC female | Cable-Type: Cab-9m-xx-xx |
| Multi-Purpose I/O X1, X2, X3 | 9 mm BNC female | Cable-Type: Cab-9m-xx-xx |
| | Programmable Direction | |

hybridNETBOX Technical Data - Arbitrary Waveform Generator

Analog Outputs

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Resolution | | 16 bit |
| D/A Interpolation | | no interpolation |
| Output amplitude | software programmable | 653x and 656x: ± 1 mV up to ± 3 V in 1 mV steps into 50 Ω termination (resulting in ± 2 mV up to ± 6 V in 2mV steps into high impedance loads) 654x and 657x: ± 1 mV up to ± 6 V in 1 mV steps into 50 Ω termination (resulting in ± 2 mV up to ± 12 V in 2mV steps into high impedance loads) |
| Output Amplifier Path Selection | automatically by driver | Note: Gain values below ± 300 mV into 50 Ω are reduced by digital scaling of the samples Low Power path: Selected Gain of ± 1 mV to ± 960 mV (into 50 Ω) High Power path: 653x and 656x: Selected Gain of ± 940 mV to ± 3 V (into 50 Ω) 654x and 657x: Selected Gain of ± 940 mV to ± 6 V (into 50 Ω) |
| Output Amplifier Setting Hysteresis | automatically by driver | 940 mV to 960 mV (if output is using low power path it will switch to high power path at 960 mV. If output is using high power path it will switch to low power path at 940 mV) |
| Output amplifier path switching time | | 1.2 ms (output disabled while switching) |
| Output offset | software programmable | Low Power path: ± 960 mV in 1 mV steps into 50 Ω (± 1920 mV in 2 mV steps into 1 M Ω) High Power path: 653x and 656x: ± 3 V in 1 mV steps into 50 Ω (± 6 V in 2 mV steps into 1 M Ω) 654x and 657x: ± 6 V in 1 mV steps into 50 Ω (± 12 V in 2 mV steps into 1 M Ω) |
| Filters | software programmable | One of 4 different filters (refer to „Bandwidth and Filters“ section) |
| DAC Differential non linearity (DNL) | DAC only | ± 2.0 LSB typical |
| DAC Integral non linearity (INL) | DAC only | ± 4.0 LSB typical |
| Output resistance | | 50 Ω |
| Minimum output load | | 653x and 656x: 0 Ω (short circuit safe by design) 654x and 657x: 50 Ω (short circuit safe by hardware supervisor, outputs will turn off) |
| Max output swing in 50 Ω | | 653x and 656x: ± 3.0 V (offset + amplitude) 654x and 657x: ± 6.0 V (offset + amplitude) |
| Max output swing in 1 M Ω | | 653x and 656x: ± 6.0 V (offset + amplitude) 654x and 657x: ± 12.0 V (offset + amplitude) |
| Max output current | | 653x and 656x: ± 30 mA 654x and 657x: ± 60 mA |
| Slewrates (using Filter 0) | | Low power path (0 to 900 mV): 250 mV/ns 653x and 656x: High power path (0 to 3000 mV): 850 mV/ns 654x and 657x: High power path (0 to 6000 mV): TBD |
| Rise/Fall time 10% to 90% square wave | | 653x and 656x: ± 3 V square wave: 5.3 ns 654x and 657x: ± 3 V square wave: TBD |
| Crosstalk @ 1 MHz signal ± 3 V | 1 to 4 ch standard AWG | 95 dB (M2p.6530, M2p.6531, M2p.6536, M2p.6560, M2p.6561, M2p.6566) |
| Crosstalk @ 1 MHz signal ± 3 V | 8 channel AWG | 84 dB (M2p.6533, M2p.6568) |
| Crosstalk @ 1 MHz signal ± 6 V | 1 to 4 ch high-voltage AWG | 99 dB (M2p.6540, M2p.6541, M2p.6546, M2p.6540, M2p.6541, M2p.6546) |
| Output accuracy | | ± 1 mV ± 0.5 % of programmed output amplitude ± 0.1 % of programmed output offset |

Trigger

| | | |
|--|-----------------------------|---|
| Available trigger modes | software programmable | External, Software, Pulse, Or/And, Delay |
| Trigger edge | software programmable | Rising edge, falling edge or both edges |
| Trigger pulse width | software programmable | 0 to [4G - 1] samples in steps of 1 sample |
| Trigger delay | software programmable | 0 to [4G - 1] samples in steps of 1 samples |
| Trigger holdoff (for Multi, Gate) | software programmable | 0 to [4G - 1] samples in steps of 1 samples |
| Multi, Gate: re-arming time | | < 24 samples (+ programmed holdoff) |
| Trigger to Output Delay | | 63 sample clocks + 7 ns |
| Memory depth | software programmable | 16 up to [installed memory / number of active channels] samples in steps of 8 |
| Multiple Replay segment size | software programmable | 8 up to [installed memory / number of active channels] samples in steps of 8 |
| External trigger accuracy | | 1 sample |
| External trigger | | Ext |
| External trigger type | | Single level comparator |
| External trigger impedance | software programmable | 50 Ω / 5 k Ω |
| External trigger input level | | ± 5 V (5 k Ω), ± 2.5 V (50 Ω), ± 20 V (5 k Ω), 5 Vrms (50 Ω) |
| External trigger over voltage protection | | 200 mVpp |
| External trigger sensitivity (minimum required signal swing) | | |
| External trigger level | software programmable | ± 5 V in steps of 1 mV |
| External trigger bandwidth | 50 Ω 5 k Ω | DC to 400 MHz DC to 300 MHz |
| Minimum external trigger pulse width | | ≥ 2 samples |
| | | X1, X2, X3 |
| | | 3.3V LVTTTL logic inputs |
| | | For electrical specifications refer to „Multi Purpose I/O lines“ section. |
| | | n.a. |
| | | DC to 125 MHz |
| | | ≥ 2 samples |

Multi Purpose I/O lines

| | | | |
|--|-----------------------|---|---|
| Number of multi purpose output lines | | one, named X0 | |
| Number of multi purpose input/output lines | | three, named X1, X2, X3 | |
| Multi Purpose line | | X0 | X1, X2, X3 |
| Input: available signal types | software programmable | n.a. | Asynchronous Digital-In, Logic trigger |
| Input: signal levels | | n.a. | 3.3 V LVTTTL |
| Input: impedance | | n.a. | 10 kΩ to 3.3 V |
| Input: maximum voltage level | | n.a. | -0.5 V to +4.0 V |
| Input: maximum bandwidth | | n.a. | 125 MHz |
| Output: available signal types | software programmable | Run-, Arm-, Trigger-Output, Marker-Output, Synchronous Digital-Out, Asynchronous Digital-Out, ADC Clock Output, | Run-, Arm-, Trigger-Output, Marker-Output, Synchronous Digital-Out, Asynchronous Digital-Out, |
| Output: impedance | | 50 Ω | |
| Output: drive strength | | Capable of driving 50 Ω loads, maximum drive strength ±48 mA | |
| Output: type / signal levels | | 3.3V LVTTTL, TTL compatible for high impedance loads | |
| Output: update rate (synchronous modes) | | sampling clock | |

Sequence Replay Mode

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Number of sequence steps | software programmable | 1 up to 4096 (sequence steps can be overloaded at runtime) |
| Number of memory segments | software programmable | 2 up to 64k (segment data can be overloaded at runtime) |
| Minimum segment size | software programmable | 32 samples in steps of 8 samples. |
| Maximum segment size | software programmable | 512 MS / active channels / number of sequence segments (round up to the next power of two) |
| Loop Count | software programmable | 1 to (1M - 1) loops |
| Sequence Step Commands | software programmable | Loop for #Loops, Next, Loop until Trigger, End Sequence |
| Special Commands | software programmable | Data Overload at runtime, sequence steps overload at runtime, readout current replayed sequence step |
| Limitations for synchronized products | | Software commands changing the sequence as well as „Loop until trigger“ are not synchronized between cards. This also applies to multiple AWG modules in a generatorNETBOX. |

Clock

| | | |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| Clock Modes | software programmable | internal PLL, external clock, external reference clock, sync |
| Internal clock range (PLL mode) | software programmable | see „Clock Limitations“ table below |
| Internal clock accuracy | after warm-up | ≤ ±1.0 ppm (at time of calibration in production) |
| Internal clock aging | | ≤ ±0.5 ppm / year |
| PLL clock setup granularity (int. or ext. reference) | | 1 Hz |
| External reference clock range | software programmable | 128 kHz up to 125 MHz |
| Direct external clock to internal clock delay | | 4.3 ns |
| Direct external clock range | | see „Clock Limitations and Bandwidth“ table below |
| External clock type | | Single level comparator |
| External clock input level | | ±5 V (5 kΩ), ±2.5 V (50 Ω), |
| External clock input impedance | software programmable | 50 Ω / 5 kΩ |
| External clock over voltage protection | | ±20 V (5 kΩ), 5 Vrms (50 Ω) |
| External clock sensitivity (minimum required signal swing) | | 200 mVpp |
| External clock level | software programmable | ±5 V in steps of 1 mV |
| External clock edge | | rising edge used |
| External reference clock input duty cycle | | 45% - 55% |
| Clock output electrical specification | | Available via Multi Purpose output X0. Refer to „Multi Purpose I/O lines“ section. |
| Synchronization clock multiplier „N“ for different clocks on synchronized cards | software programmable | N being a multiplier (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, ... Max) of the card with the currently slowest sampling clock. The card maximum (see „Clock Limitations and Bandwidth“ table below) must not be exceeded. |
| Channel to channel skew on one card | | < 200 ps (typical) |
| Skew between star-hub synchronized cards | | TBD |

Clock Limitations

| | M2p.653x DNx.653-xx M2p.654x DNx.654-xx DNx.803-xx DNx.813-xx | M2p.656x DNx.656-xx M2p.657x DNx.657-xx DNx.806-xx DNx.816-xx |
|--|--|--|
| max internal clock (non-synchronized cards) | 40 MS/s | 125 MS/s |
| min internal clock (non-synchronized cards) | 1 kS/s | 1 kS/s |
| max internal clock (cards synchronized via star-hub) | 40 MS/s | 125 MS/s |
| min internal clock (cards synchronized via star-hub) | 128 kS/s | 128 kS/s |
| max direct external clock | 40 MS/s | 125 MS/s |
| min direct external clock | DC | DC |
| min direct external clock LOW time | 4 ns | 4 ns |
| min direct external clock HIGH time | 4 ns | 4 ns |

Bandwidth and Filters

| | Filter | - 3dB bandwidth | Filter characteristic |
|--|----------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| Analog bandwidth does not include Sinc response of DAC | Filter 0 | 70 MHz | third-order Butterworth |
| | Filter 1 | 20 MHz | fifth-order Butterworth |
| | Filter 2 | 5 MHz | fourth-order Bessel |
| | Filter 3 | 1 MHz | fourth-order Bessel |

Dynamic Parameters

| M2p.653x/DNx.653-xx/DNx.803-xx | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Test - Samplerate | 40 MS/s | | 40 MS/s | |
| Output Frequency | 800 kHz | | 4 MHz | |
| Output Level in 50 Ω | ±900mV | ±3000mV | ±900mV | ±3000mV |
| Used Filter | 1 MHz | | 5 MHz | |
| NSD (typ) | -142 dBm/Hz | -132 dBm/Hz | -142 dBm/Hz | -132 dBm/Hz |
| SNR (typ) | 90.7 dB | 91.1 dB | 83.7 dB | 84.1 dB |
| THD (typ) | -74.0 dB | -74.0 dB | -70.5 dB | -70.5 dB |
| SINAD (typ) | 73.9 dB | 73.9 dB | 69.8 dB | 69.8 dB |
| SFDR (typ), excl harm. | 97.0 dB | 95.0 dB | 88.0 dB | 88.0 dB |
| ENOB (SINAD) | 12.0 | 12.0 | 11.3 | 11.3 |
| ENOB (SNR) | 14.7 | 14.8 | 13.5 | 13.6 |

| M2p.654x/DNx.654-xx/DNx.813-xx | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Test - Samplerate | 40 MS/s | | 40 MS/s | |
| Output Frequency | 800 kHz | | 4 MHz | |
| Output Level in 50 Ω | ±900mV | ±6000mV | ±900mV | ±6000mV |
| Used Filter | 1 MHz | | 5 MHz | |
| NSD (typ) | -138 dBm/Hz | -129 dBm/Hz | -142 dBm/Hz | -126 dBm/Hz |
| SNR (typ) | 86.7 dB | 88.1 dB | 83.7 dB | 84.2 dB |
| THD (typ) | -74.0 dB | -74.0 dB | -74.0 dB | -74.0 dB |
| SINAD (typ) | 73.8 dB | 73.8 dB | 73.6 dB | 73.6 dB |
| SFDR (typ), excl harm. | | | | |
| ENOB (SINAD) | 12.0 | 12.0 | 11.9 | 11.9 |
| ENOB (SNR) | 14.1 | 14.3 | 13.6 | 13.7 |

| M2p.656x/DNx.656-xx/DNx.806-xx | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Test - Samplerate | 125 MS/s | | 125 MS/s | | 125 MS/s | |
| Output Frequency | 800 kHz | | 4 MHz | | 16 MHz | |
| Used Filter | 1 MHz | | 5 MHz | | 20 MHz | |
| Output Level in 50 Ω | ±900mV | ±3000mV | ±900mV | ±3000mV | ±900mV | ±3000mV |
| NSD (typ) | -142 dBm/Hz | -132 dBm/Hz | -142 dBm/Hz | -132 dBm/Hz | -142 dBm/Hz | -132 dBm/Hz |
| SNR (typ) | 90.7 dB | 91.1 dB | 83.7 dB | 84.1 dB | 77.7 dB | 78.1 dB |
| THD (typ) | -74.0 dB | -74.0 dB | -70.5 dB | -70.5 dB | -66.0 dB | -61.9 dB |
| SINAD (typ) | 73.9 dB | 73.9 dB | 69.8 dB | 69.8 dB | 65.7 dB | 60.9 dB |
| SFDR (typ), excl harm. | 97.0 dB | 95.0 dB | 88.0 dB | 88.0 dB | 90.0 dB | 89.0 dB |
| ENOB (SINAD) | 12.0 | 12.0 | 11.3 | 11.3 | 10.6 | 9.8 |
| ENOB (SNR) | 14.7 | 14.8 | 13.5 | 13.6 | 12.5 | 12.6 |

| M2p.657x/DNx.657-xx/DNx.816-xx | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Test - Samplerate | 125 MS/s | | 125 MS/s | | 125 MS/s | |
| Output Frequency | 800 kHz | | 4 MHz | | 16 MHz | |
| Used Filter | 1 MHz | | 5 MHz | | 20 MHz | |
| Output Level in 50 Ω | ±900mV | ±6000mV | ±900mV | ±6000mV | ±900mV | ±6000mV |
| NSD (typ) | -138 dBm/Hz | -129 dBm/Hz | -142 dBm/Hz | -126 dBm/Hz | -142 dBm/Hz | -127 dBm/Hz |
| SNR (typ) | 86.7 dB | 88.1 dB | 83.7 dB | 84.2 dB | 77.7 dB | 79.1 dB |
| THD (typ) | -74.0 dB | -74.0 dB | -74.0 dB | -74.0 dB | -70.5 dB | -63.1 dB |
| SINAD (typ) | 73.8 dB | 73.8 dB | 73.6 dB | 73.6 dB | 69.7 dB | 63.0 dB |
| SFDR (typ), excl harm. | | | | | | |
| ENOB (SINAD) | 12.0 | 12.0 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 11.3 | 10.2 |
| ENOB (SNR) | 14.1 | 14.3 | 13.6 | 13.7 | 12.6 | 12.8 |

THD and SFDR are measured at the given output level and 50 Ohm termination with a high resolution M3i.4860/M4i.4450-x8 data acquisition card and are calculated from the spectrum. Noise Spectral Density is measured with built-in calculation from an HP E4401B Spectrum Analyzer. All available D/A channels are activated for the tests. SNR and SFDR figures may differ depending on the quality of the used PC. NSD = Noise Spectral Density, THD = Total Harmonic Distortion, SFDR = Spurious Free Dynamic Range.

hybridNETBOX Technical Data - General

Option digitizerNETBOX/generatorNETBOX embedded server (DN2.xxx-Emb, DN6.xxx-Emb)

| | | |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------|
| CPU | Intel Quad Core 2 GHz | |
| System memory | 4 GByte RAM | |
| System data storage | Internal 128 GByte SSD | |
| Development access | Remote Linux command shell (ssh), no graphical interface (GUI) available | |
| Accessible Hardware | Full access to Spectrum instruments, LAN, front panel LEDs, RAM, SSD | |
| Integrated operating system | OpenSuse 12.2 with kernel 4.4.7. | |
| Internal PCIe connection | DN2.20, DN2.46, DN2.47, DN2.49, DN2.59, DN2.60, DN2.65 DN6.46, DN6.49, DN6.59, DN6.65 | PCIe x1, Gen1 |
| | DN2.22, DN2.44, DN2.66 DN6.22, DN6.44, DN6.66 | PCIe x1, Gen2 |

Ethernet specific details

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| LAN Connection | Standard RJ45 | |
| LAN Speed | Auto Sensing: GBit Ethernet, 100BASE-T, 10BASE-T | |
| LAN IP address | DHCP (IPv4) with AutoIP fall-back (169.254.x.y), fixed IP (IPv4) | programmable |
| Sustained Streaming speed | DN2.20, DN2.46, DN2.47, DN2.49, DN2.60 DN6.46, DN6.49 | up to 70 MByte/s |
| | DN2.59, DN2.65, DN2.22, DN2.44, DN2.66 DN6.59, DN6.65, DN6.22, DN6.44, DN6.66 | up to 100 MByte/s |
| Used TCP/UDP Ports | Websvr: 80 VISA Discovery Protocol: 111, 9757 Spectrum Remote Server: 1026, 5025 | mDNS Daemon: 5353 UPNP Daemon: 1900 |

Power connection details

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Mains AC power supply | Input voltage: 100 to 240 VAC, 50 to 60 Hz |
| AC power supply connector | IEC 60320-1-C14 (PC standard coupler) |
| Power supply cord | power cord included for Schuko contact (CEE 7/7) |

Serial connection details (DN2.xxx with hardware ≥ V11)

Serial connection (RS232) For diagnostic purposes only. Do not use, unless being instructed by a Spectrum support agent.

Certification, Compliance, Warranty

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| EMC Immunity | Compliant with CE Mark |
| EMC Emission | Compliant with CE Mark |
| Product warranty | 5 years starting with the day of delivery |
| Software and firmware updates | Life-time, free of charge |

DN2 specific Technical Data

Environmental and Physical Details DN2.xxx

| | | |
|--|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| Dimension of Chassis without connectors or bumpers | L x W x H | 366 mm x 267 mm x 87 mm |
| Dimension of Chassis with 19" rack mount option | L x W x H | 366 mm x 482.6 mm x 87 mm (2U height) |
| Weight (1 internal acquisition/generation module) | | 6.3 kg, with rack mount kit: 6.8 kg |
| Weight (2 internal acquisition/generation modules) | | 6.7 kg, with rack mount kit 7.2 kg |
| Warm up time | | 20 minutes |
| Operating temperature | | 0°C to 40°C |
| Storage temperature | | -10°C to 70°C |
| Humidity | | 10% to 90% |
| Dimension of packing (single DN2) | L x W x H | 470 mm x 390 mm x 180 mm |
| Volume weight of Packing (single DN2) | | 7.0 kgs |

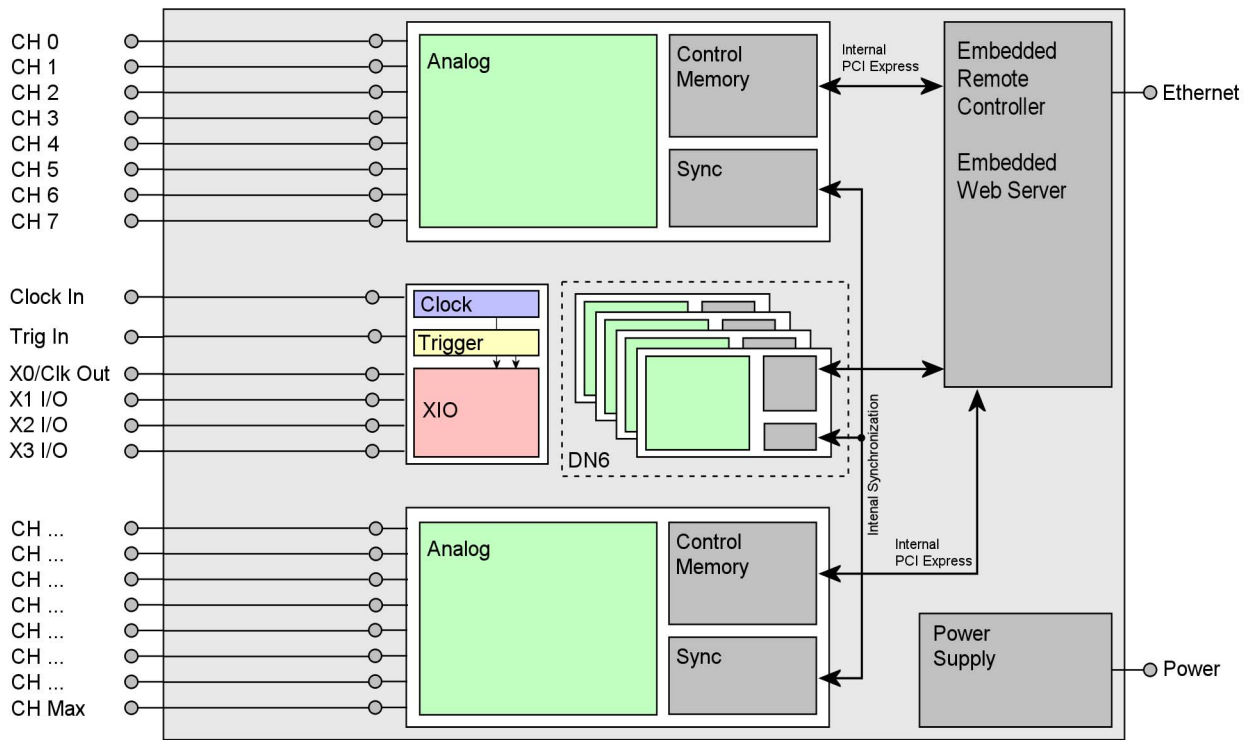
Power Consumption

| | 230 VAC | 12 VDC | 24 VDC |
|------------------------|---------|--------|--------|
| 2 + 2 channel versions | | | |
| 4 + 4 channel versions | | | |
| 8 + 8 channel versions | | | |

MTBF

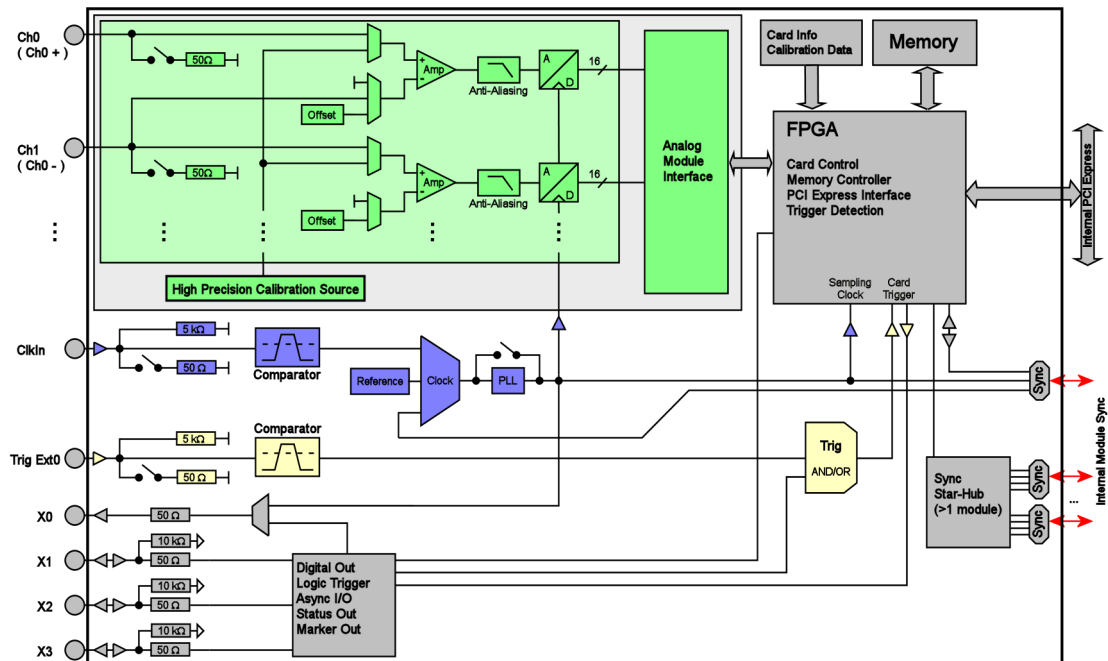
| | |
|------|-----|
| MTBF | TBD |
|------|-----|

Block diagram of hybridNETBOX DN2

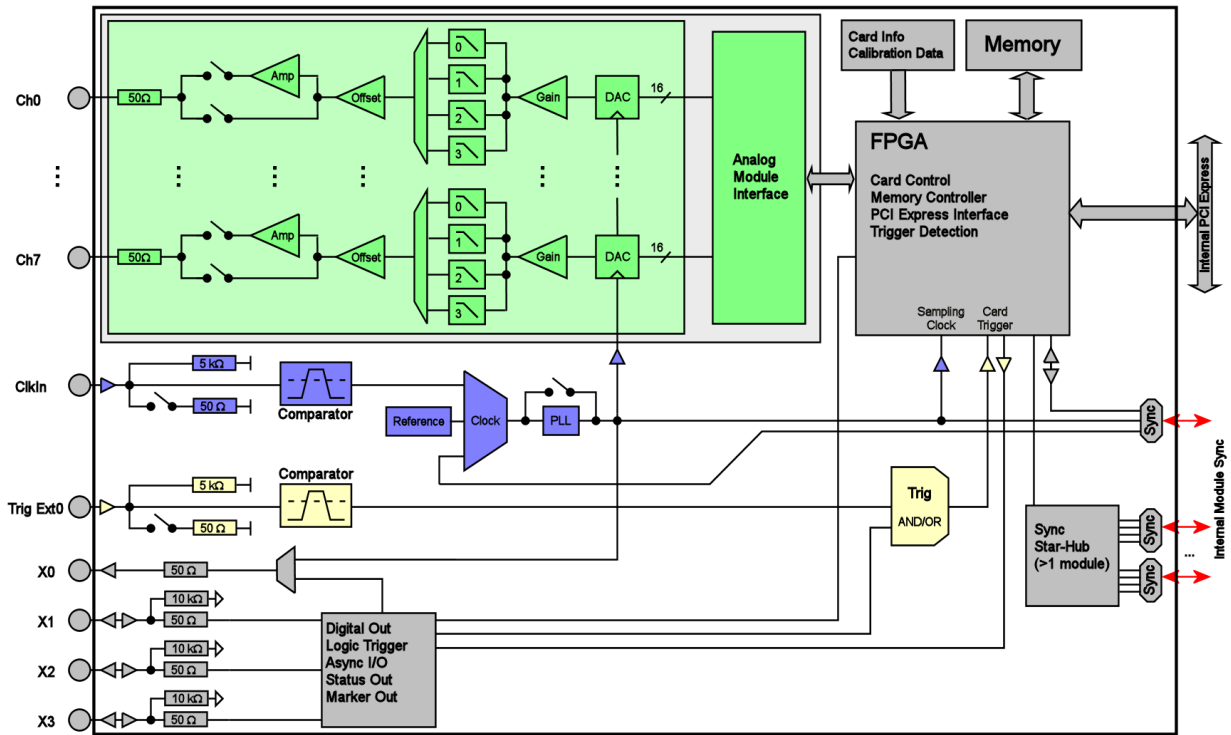


- The number of maximum channels and internal digitizer modules and existence of a synchronization Star-Hub is model dependent.

Block diagram of Digitizer Module hybridNETBOX DN2.80x/81x



Block diagram of AWG Module hybridNETBOX DN2.80x/81x



Order Information

The hybridNETBOX is equipped with a large internal memory for data storage and data replay. The internal digitizer supports standard acquisition (Scope), FIFO acquisition (streaming), Multiple Recording, Gated Sampling, ABA mode and Timestamps. Then internal AWG supports standard replay, FIFO replay (streaming), Multiple Replay, Gated Replay, Continuous Replay (Loop), Single-Restart as well as Sequence. Operating system drivers for Windows/Linux 32 bit and 64 bit, drivers and examples for C/C++, IVI (Scope, Digitizer and Function Generator class), LabVIEW (Windows), MATLAB (Windows and Linux), .NET, Delphi, Java, Python and a Professional license of the oscilloscope software SBench 6 are included.

The system is delivered with a connection cable meeting your countries power connection. Additional power connections with other standards are available as option.

hybridNETBOX DN2 - Ethernet/LXI Interface

| Order no. | Memory | Inputs | | Outputs | | |
|------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Single-Ended | Differential | Channels | Level@50Ω | Level@1MΩ |
| DN2.813-02 | 2 x 512 MSamples | 2 x 40 MS/s | 2 x 40 MS/s | 2 x 40 MS/s | ±6 V | ±12 V |
| DN2.813-04 | 2 x 512 MSamples | 8 x 40 MS/s | 4 x 40 MS/s | 8 x 40 MS/s | ±6 V | ±12 V |
| DN2.803-08 | 2 x 512 MSamples | 8 x 40 MS/s | 4 x 40 MS/s | 8 x 40 MS/s | ±3 V | ±6 V |
| DN2.816-02 | 2 x 512 MSamples | 2 x 125 MS/s | 2 x 125 MS/s | 2 x 125 MS/s | ±6 V | ±12 V |
| DN2.816-04 | 2 x 512 MSamples | 4 x 125 MS/s | 4 x 125 MS/s | 4 x 125 MS/s | ±6 V | ±12 V |
| DN2.806-08 | 2 x 512 MSamples | 4 x 125 MS/s | 4 x 125 MS/s | 4 x 125 MS/s | ±3 V | ±6 V |
| | | 8 x 80 MS/s | | 8 x 80 MS/s | | |

Options

| Order no. | Option |
|---------------|---|
| DN2.xxx-Rack | 19" rack mounting set for self mounting |
| DN2.xxx-Emb | Extension to Embedded Server: CPU, more memory, SSD. Access via remote Linux secure shell (ssh) |
| DN2.xxx-DC12 | 12 VDC internal power supply. Replaces AC power supply. Accepts 9 V to 18 V DC input. Screw terminals. |
| DN2.xxx-DC24 | 24 VDC internal power supply. Replaces AC power supply. Accepts 18 V to 36 V DC input. Screw terminals |
| DN2.xxx-BTPWR | Boot on Power On: the digitizerNETBOX/generatorNETBOX/hybridNETBOX automatically boots if power is switched on. |

Calibration

| Order no. | Option |
|---------------|---|
| DN2.xxx-Recal | Recalibration of complete digitizerNETBOX/generatorNETBOX/hybridNETBOX DN2 including calibration protocol |

BNC Cables

The standard adapter cables are based on RG174 cables and have a nominal attenuation of 0.3 dB/m at 100 MHz.

| for Connections | Connection | Length | to SMA male | to SMA female | to BNC male | to SMB female |
|-----------------|------------|--------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| All | BNC male | 80 cm | Cab-9m-3mA-80 | Cab-9m-3fA-80 | Cab-9m-9m-80 | Cab-9m-3f-80 |
| All | BNC male | 200 cm | Cab-9m-3mA-200 | Cab-9m-3fA-200 | Cab-9m-9m-200 | Cab-9m-3f-200 |

Technical changes and printing errors possible

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